BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 128,073—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1890.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

CONTAINING

Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A MAP OF INDIA.

Corrected up to March 1889.

BOMBAY:

Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Pres.

PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S WHISKIES.

OLD, MATURE, AND EXCELLENT.

Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.

	Prices
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve..	Rs. 21
"Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch ...	Rs. 23-12 per doz. bottles.
"Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle ...	
"Glentromie"...	
"Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish" ...	

Examine cork label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Friday.
† SOKHARA	3041	500	P. W. Case	14th Mar.
B.L. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	21st ,,
† ASSAM	3038	590	G. W. F. Browne	28th ,,
B.L. MASSILIA	4918	1000	C. Fraser	4th April.
† BOKHARA	3041	500	P. W. Case	11th ,,
B.L. PEKIN	3929	600	P. Harris	18th ,,
† ASSAM	3038	590	G. W. F. Browne	25th ,,
B.L. MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	2nd May
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	9th ,,
B.L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	16th ,,
B.L. COROMANDEL	4500	800	I. Reeves	23rd ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T Weighell	30th ,,
B.L. THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	6th June.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	13th ,,
B.L. ROHILLA	3511	700	M. de Horne	20th ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	27th ,,

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London, by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a. m. on day of sailing.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain	
ROME	5011	1080	A. W. Adamson	18th Mar. 1890.
ORIENTAL	5500	1000	E. Stewart	12th Apr.
PENINSULAR	5500	1008	W. J. Webber	13th May.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	On or about 1890.
THAMES	4200	800	W. A. Seaton	27th Mar.
ROHILLA	3511	700	M. de Horne	10th April.
ROSETTA	3525	700	G. W. Brady	24th ,,

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 13th Jan. 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay.

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	900	1st April 1890.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th April 1890.
R RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th May 1890.
PO	——	——	1st June 1890.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 150, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BORMIDA	On the 8th April 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 11, March 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,000	750	1st April.
MEDUSA	G. Mettel	3,800	550	21st April.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,000	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,000	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer «Will not call at Brindisi.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons	H. P.	To sail
POSEIDON	L. Lemesich	4,200	650	15th March,

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons	H. P.	To sail
ORION	B. Vidos	3 900	550	21st March,

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 24th Feb. 1890.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY. FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES. TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 15th March 1890 at 3 p.m, FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway are from Marseilles to London.

A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on Board.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	T.R.	Commander.	To sail.
ML ASIA	3560	Wm. Russell	17th Mar.
L PERSIA	3547	H. Hutchison	29th ,,
M BRITANNIA	3069	Brown	12th April.
,, NUBIA	3351	T. G. Knox	26th ,,
L ARABIA	3544	J. Laird	17th May.
ML HISPANIA	3380	Abrey	31st ,,

Steamers marked L proceed to Liverpool direct; those marked M to Marseilles only; steamers marked ML go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both Ports. Passengers by the Marseilles steamers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles). Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for first-class passengers. All the state-rooms are on the upper deck. For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 27th Feb. 1890.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SATARA," 1,301 tons, at 11 a.m. on 16th March after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat Jask Bunder Abbas, Lingi, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 19th March.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ASIA" 1,766 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 14th March, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 14th March.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about MONDAY, 17th March.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 13th March, 1890. Agents.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
NERBUDDA	2,980	3rd April ,,
BANCOORA	2,880	25th May ,,

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 13th February, 1889. Agents.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite Passenger Steamer "CITY of DUBLIN" 3267 Tons, Captain J. SWAN, WILL SAIL for LIVERPOOL, on or about the 13th April. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and a Stewardess. Two Berth Cabins on deck amidships, Baths, Punkahs, and every comfort for First-class Passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.

Bombay, 21th February, 1890.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS. BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

THE well-known passenger steamer CLAN GRAHAM, 3,000 tons, Commander C. ALEXANDERSON, will leave Bombay for LIVERPOOL direct on or about 5th April.

Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

Saloon and state rooms all on upper deck.

For particulars to passage money, Cabin plans &c apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

Forbes Street, Bombay.

S. S. "HINDOO," Class 100 A 1, 300 Horse Power nominal, steaming 15 knots per hour, is OPEN to Charter (if inducement offered) for passenger trade. Persons desirous should apply

Messrs. KHATAU JIVANDAS & Co.,
Fort Bazaar Gate.

THE MACIVOR LINE s. s. "NIAGARA" has ARRIVED from ANTWERP and GLASGOW *via* KURRACHEE, with a general cargo, and his DISCHARGING in the VICTORIA DOCK.

CONSIGNEES are REQUESTED to PRESENT their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay. Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' boats, and, if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in boats at Steamer's option, at their risk and expense.

The Company's Surveyor will attend every morning to survey damages, and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds. After removal from the landing sheds, the Steamer will not be responsible for any damage whatever. All claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer; otherwise none will be entertained.

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, March 10, 1890.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CANTERBURY ALE.

(JOHNSON & Co., CANTERBURY.)

PARIS 1875 GOLD MEDAL.
DIPLOMA-HANOVER 1878
LONDON 1873 MEDAL.
JOHNSON'S CANTERBURY PALE ALE
JOHNSON & Co BREWERS CANTERBURY ENGLAND
AWARDED TO JOHNSON & Co
AWARDED TO JOHNSON & Co

Per doz. bottles Rs. 6-4. Per doz. half-bottles, Rs. 4-4.

THIS pleasant Bitter Beer has been imported by Treacher and Co. at the suggestion of a well-known Physician in Bombay, and is strongly recommended as one of the very best Beers in the Indian Market. It has the genuine bitter aromatic flavour of the Hop, does not contain an excess of alcohol, and has in an eminent degree those refreshing, digestive and tonic properties which should characterize Ale Beers.

Bottles, per doz.	Rs. 6	Half-bottles, per doz.	Rs. 4 4
Bottles, per case of four dozen	Rs. 25 0	Half-bottles, per case of six dozen	Rs. 25 8

SOLE AGENTS :

TREACHER & Co., Ld.,
WINE AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

MARCKS AND Co., Ld., undertake ELECTRO PLATING and GILDING in all it branches—Household requisites such as Spoons, and Forks, Dishes, Salvers, Tea and Coffee Services, &c &c., in daily use; may be substantially renewed at trifling cost.

MARCKS AND Co., Ld.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BY APPOINTMENT
TO
H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

HURJIMULL AND CO.,
INDIAN JEWELLERS.

DIAMOND, GOLD & SILVER JEWELLERY FOR THE CHRISTMAS SEASON.

LARGEST STOCK of Indian Jewellery or Christmas, Birthday and Wedding Presents. Inspection invited to our Show Rooms. Don't fail to visit us. Prices moderate.

HURJIMULL AND CO.,
INDIAN JEWELLERS,
Rampart Row and Meadow Street, Fort.

CHOICE WINES

SUITABLE FOR CONNOISSEURS AND INVALIDS.

CHAMPAGNE, Giesler's. One of the finest Brands imported into India. Rs. 57 per dozen.

CHAMPAGNE, Roederer's "Reserve." This Wine is a great favourite. Rs. 65 per dozen.

CHAMPAGNE, Heidsieck's Dry Monopole. Rs. 65 per dozen.

CHAMPAGNE, Perrier Jouet. Reserve Cuvée. Rs. 65 per dozen.

CLARET, Chateau Margaux. A splendid After-Dinner Wine, exceedingly choice with great fragrance and delicate Bouquet. Rs. 35 per dozen.

CLARET, Chateau Lagrange. An excellent Dinner Wine, soft and delicate, with fine flavour. Rs. 23 per dozen.

BURGUNDY, Chambertin. This is an exquisite Wine, with delicate bouquet and soft yet full flavour. Rs. 33 per dozen.

BURGUNDY, Macon. Possessed of fine flavour and aroma. Rs. 25 per dozen.

SHERRY, Amontillado. A genuine "Matured" Sherry of the highest quality, a very superior After-Dinner Wine. Rs 40 per dozen.

SHERRY, Old Dry. Well matured, remarkably soft and dry, and free from acidity. Rs. 29 per dozen.

MADEIRA (Cossart, Gordon & Co.'s.). A fine old London particular Brand, its flavour and aroma being fully developed by the East Indian Voyage. Rs. 34 per dozen.

PORT, Superior Old (Sandeman's). This is a superior Dessert Wine, of fine bouquet and character, well known as our Invalid Port. Rs. 35 per dozen.

HOCK, Liebfraumilch. A very fine Wine, with rich and soft flavour. Rs. 35 per dozen.

HOCK, Hockheimer. A very agreeable Dinner Wine, soft and delicate. Rs. 26 per dozen.

HOCK, Sparkling. Finest Ehrenbreitstein. The very best Wine of the kind. Rs 46 per dozen.

MOSELLE, Sparkling. Finest Nonpareil, very rich, with delicious bouquet Rs. 46 per dozen.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

WINE MERCHANTS,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

INFLUENZA.

A certain cure will be found in our Influenza Drops, containing 16 doses. Price per bottle Re. 1.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

DEJEUNER CLARET.

A Special Importation.

HIGHLY RECOMMENDED.

REALLY SOUND, OF GOOD BODY, AND FINE BOUQUET.

MODERATE PRICE.

In Quarts only, Rs. 12 per dozen.

POONA, Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth. } PHILLIPS & Co., Ld., { BOMBAY, Oriental Bank Buildings & Byculla Bridge.

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PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS.

HAVING arranged to continue their Business, their CHARGES for PHOTOGRAPHS will be at the GREATLY REDUCED RATES already published. Terms Strictly cash.

Studio open daily ..... from 9 to 4
Office for Engagements..... from 8 to 6

MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

HOMEWARD BOUND SEASON 1890. THORPE AND CO.,

EVERY requisite for Travellers by Rail or Steamer ready for immediate use, or made to order at a few hours' notice.

	Rs.	a.
Deck Suits for Morning Wear	8 to 16	8
Travelling Suits	30 to 35	0
Warm Suits, Cheviot, etc.,	45 to 55	0
Warm Overcoats or Ulsters	48 to 55	0
Best White Shirts with Bands, each	4	4
Do. do. do. Collars	4	8
Best Oxford do. do.	5	0
Best Flannel and Silk Wool	7-8 to 8	8
Cardigan Jackets, very warm	10-8 to 12	8
Dressing Gowns	10-8 to 25	0
Warm Lambs' Wool Undervests and Pants, each.	6	8
Stout Merino Vests and Pants, each	6	8
Gauze Merino Undervests, per dozen	12	8
Do. do. Pants do.	21	8
Extra Superior Gauze Vests do.	30	0
Brown Cotton Socks, per dozen	8	8
Superior Merino Socks do.	15	8
Very Warm Lambs' Wool Socks, per dozen	25	0
Ribbed Hand-knitted Socks do	30	0
Warm Gloves, per pair	1	8
Warm Mufflers	2-2 to	3 0
Best Tweed Hats and Caps	3 to	4 8
Best Linen Collars, all shapes, per dozen	6	8
Overland Trunks, best make, from	30	0
Solid Leather Portmanteaux do.	40	0
Tan Canvas Courier Bags do.	8	0
Soiled Linen Bags do.	5	0
Gladstone or Expanding Bags do.	28	0
Solid Leather Dressing Cases, fitted complete, from	13	8

	Rs.	a.
Travelling Baths, with inside Basket, from	25	0
Ladies' Air-tight Dress-boxes in Case..	28 to 38	0
Ladies' Sun Hats	5	0
Overland Chairs	from 4	0
Money Belts, Pockets all round	2	8
Brown Leather Slippers	2	12
White Canvas Shoes	6	8
Cholera Belts, best Flannel	2	8
Woven Cholera Belts	2	12
Rug Straps	1	8
Leather Purses	2	0
Sovereign Boxes	2	0
Razors, ready for use	2	0
Shaving Brushes	2	0
Nail and Trooth Brushes	each 0	12
Travelling Pillows	each 1	0
Resais or Quilts	from 4	0
Scotch Mauds and Rugs	from 15	0
Cambric Handkerchiefs	per doz. 5	0
Metal Soap-boxes	from 1	8
Sponges and Bags	each	8
Penknives	1	8
Vulcanized India-rubber Baths	15	0
Hold-Alls with Strong Leather Straps	each 12	8
Waterproof Dressing-cases holding Sponge, Tooth, Hair and Nail Brushes, etc.	5	8
Marine or Salt-water Soap	per packet 1	0
Eau de Cologne with Wicker cover	3	0
Padlocks, each	1	0

Celluloid Collars, Cuffs, and Shirt Fronts.

THORPE & CO.

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

EDINA WHISKY.

A BLEND of the FINEST HIGHLAND WHISKIES, possesses a RICH AROMA and FLAVOUR, and a SOFTNESS acquired by age.

Per dozen, Rs. 25-8.

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NEW AND LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF CLOCKS IN INDIA OF NEWEST DESIGNS SUITABLE TO ALL PURPOSES.

CLOCKS FOR TURRETS.
CLOCKS FOR TOWERS.
CLOCKS FOR THE DURBAR.
CLOCKS FOR THE HALL.
CLOCKS FOR OFFICERS MESS.
CLOCKS FOR THE GUARD ROOM.
CLOCKS FOR CHURCHES.
CLOCKS FOR SCHOOLS.
CLOCKS FOR INSTITUTES.
CLOCKS FOR MILLS.
CLOCKS FOR OFFICES.
CLOCKS FOR THE DINING ROOM.
CLOCKS FOR THE STABLE.
BRACKET CLOCKS.
CARRIAGE OR PALKY CLOCKS.
ARMY AND NAVY CLOCKS.
REGULATOR CLOCKS.
GRANDFATHER CLOCKS.
CLOCKS that never require winding, etc., etc.

The last named one is a new and novel invention which never requires winding or more accurately told, winds itself every hour. This would be a perpetual mobile if the works did not require cleaning every fourth or fifth year. Our stock of clocks is at present without rival, while the prices have been greatly reduced.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.

CLOCK AND CHRONOMETER MAKERS.

BOMBAY AND POONA.

NEW PRICE LIST—A useful Handbook, describing the latest additions in PHOTOGRAPHY this fascinating art, and giving simple and plain instructions for beginners.

CAMERAS, DRY-PLATES, LANTERNS, MOUNTS, LENSES, LAMPS, KNIVES MADE EASY SETS, CHEMICALS, FRAMES, PAPERS, SHUTTERS, PLATE RACKS AND SUNDRIES.

(*Lofty and airy Dark Room on the premises.*)

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

WHY SHOULD WE CARE FOR INFLUENZA OR ANY OTHER FEVER?

READ THE FOLLOWING UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIAL :—

FROM THE "JAM-E-JAMSHED," THE LEADING VERNACULAR PAPER :—

4th March, 1890.

"NEARLY 80 HANDS of our establishment were suffering, one after another from FEVER. At this crisis, we made FREE USE of Dr. BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE, an infallible remedy, and a well known specific, which WORKS WONDERS in cases of FEVER and AGUE, and we feel unbounded pleasure to announce that it proved WONDERFULLY EFFICACIOUS in each case.....So from our own experience of the immediate cure it affected on our men, we most willingly recommended this medicine for public good."

BATLIVALLA'S AGUE-MIXTURE, as BATLIVALLA'S AGUE PILLS, may be had from Dr. H. L. BATLIVALLA'S MATOONGA DISPENSARY, Dadur. Also of Messrs. KEMP and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., &c., &c., &c., at Re. 1 per Bottle.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1890.

KING, KING, & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines on favourable terms, and FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.

SECOND SALOON accommodation by the P. & O. Line secured at very low rates. Special attention given to the grouping of passengers and selection of Berths, so as to secure their comfort on the voyage For this purpose a Register is kept free of charge, and intending Travellers are recommended to forward their names for registration at as early a date as possible, so as to ensure satisfactory arrangements being made.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. Henry S. King & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. King, Baillie & Co. Messrs. King, King & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

SPECIAL arrangements have been made for the convenience of Ladies and Children travelling alone.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at Low rates; Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.

IMPORTERS can rely on their goods being cleared promptly, economically, and safely; a large and experienced staff, many of whom have been twenty years and upwards in Messrs. King, King & Co.'s employ, being constantly in attendance on the Bander, and at the Custom House.

LOANS granted on easy terms, Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED, and a copy of Messrs. King, King & Co.'s "Handbook for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on application, free of charge,

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA.
KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.
HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

(*BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT.*)

TAXIDERMISTS AND NATURALISTS IN ORDINARY

TO

H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF MADRAS.
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF CEYLON.
H. E. GENERAL SIR FRED. ROBERTS, Bart., V.C. G. C. B., G. C. I. E, R. A.
Commander-in-Chief in India.
H. H. The Lieut-Governor the N.-W.-PROVINCES and OUDH.
&c. &c. &c.

SYDNEY CARLETON AND CO.

NATURALISTS.

TAXIDERMISTS, TANNERS, FURRIERS, ZOOLOGICAL AGENTS, &c., &c.

"Entire Mammals, Birds, Fishes and Reptiles set up"!

Heads of Animals, &c., set up and mounted!!

Skins cured and tanned!!!

Skins mounted on cloth or made into rugs!!!!

Skins and Furs and trophies supplied at reasonable rates.

FLIES, Beetles, &c., in cases.

Live Stock of every description supplied at shortest notice.

Agents to William Cross, Esq., Zoological Merchant &c., Liverpool, England, and others.

For Price Lists, &c., apply

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BOMBAY.

Head Office and Showrooms, 4, Medows Street, Fort. Workshops and Offices, 221, Bellasis Road, Byculla. Godowns, &c., Gilder Street, Grant Road.

Agencies at Madras, Ceylon, Calcutta, Allahabad, Umballa, Pondicherry, Dresden (Germany), Liverpool and London, (England.)

FOR SALE.

A BROWN WALER GELDING "CARRINGTON," standing 15-1, aged 5½. Is a handsome charger, quiet to ride and up to any weight. Believed to be sound ..... Rs. 1,000.

A grey YABOO PONY "JUMBO," aged, but full of go Is believed to be sound ..... Rs. 250.

For sale as their owner is going home.

Apply to H. G. GELL, Esquire, Byculla Club.

Bombay, March 1890.

FOR SALE.

HIS HIGHNESS the MAHARAJA GAEKWAR'S STEAM LAUNCH UMRAT, now lying in the Government Dockyard, Bombay. Particulars :—First rate river boat with house and accomodation for 12 persons W. C., in cabin 12ft. 6 inches long. Height 5ft. 11 inches. Aft 60 ft long beam 9ft 3 inches. Depth—keel to deck 6ft. Draught 3ft. Vertical engine of 8 horse power. One Vertical Tubular Boiler and single cylinder Engine 9 inches diameter; Boiler 5ft long, diameter 2ft; steam pressure 50lbs per square inch. Length of Stroke 12 inches; speed 7 knots. Built of teak wood and copper fastened. Price Rupees Five thousand. Any reasonable offer will be considered. Apply to BHASKERAO BALCRUSHNAJEE PITALE, Baroda State Agent, 305, Pallow Road, Chira Bazar, Bombay.

SIMPSON & CO.,

COACH BUILDERS & HARNESS MAKERS

BILLIARD-TABLE MANUFACTURERS,

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT

TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, K.G., K.G.C.S.I.

AND

H. H. THE NIZAM OF THE DECCAN, G.C.S.I.

291, MOUNT ROAD, MADRAS.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla, and IGUTPURI HOTEL, Igutpuri.

These HOTELS are splendidly situated, and within easy distance from Railway Stations. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.—Apply to

ANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS, Khandalla and Igutpuri.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HER EXCELLENCY LADY REAY
ACCOMPANIED BY
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR
WILL LAY THE FOUNDATION STONE
OF THE
WESLEYAN METHODIST
MILITARY AND NAVAL CHURCH,
PARSONAGE AND
COLABA HIGH SCHOOL*
TO-DAY AT 5-30.
PROGRAMME.

Hymn No. 1 will be sung, a portion of Scripture will be read by Rev. E. Mortimer, and prayer offered by the Rev. T. H. GREIG, Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland.

The Rev. G. W. CLUTTERBUCK will ask HER EXCELLENCY LADY REAY to lay the Foundation Stone.

The stone having been laid with the usual formalities No. 2 Hymn will be sung; His Excellency the Governor will then address the assembly, after which a collection will be taken, for which printed slips will be provided.

Brigadier-General W. T. Budgen, D. S. O., Commanding Bombay District and Captain the Hon. A. G. Curzon-Howe, Commanding H. M. Flagship *Boadicea*, will thank Her Excellency Lady Reay for having laid the stone.

After the ceremony, a sale of Work in aid will take place in the Tent adjacent to the Site, and on Saturday from 4 to 7-30 p. m.

*The site is on the Colaba Causeway, north of the Tram way offices and near the Apollo Bunder.

THE
COLUMBIA ELITE
SKATING RINK,
OPPOSITE THE VICTORIA TERMINUS.
NOW OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

Evening, 5 to 7-30, 8 annas. Night, 8-30 to 11, Re. 1, Tuesday Evening, Re. 1. Other Evenings, 8 annas (Unless otherwise advertised).

THE RINK IS ALSO OPEN EVERY MORNING, EXCEPT SATURDAY FOR PRACTICE FOR LADIES ONLY.
TO THIS SESSION ADMISSION IS FREE.
SATURDAY MORNING, from 10 to 12-30; and SATURDAY AFTERNOON, from 2 to 4, Children's Matinee. Children under 12, free. Adults, 8 annas.

EARLY MORNING SESSION
from 7 to 9 a.m.
Admission, 8 Annas. Skates free.
THURSDAY MARCH 13TH.

An "Amateur Blindfold Hunt," 4 notes to be tied in separate handkerchiefs, and suspended in different parts of the Rink about 6½ feet above the Skating surface. A number of skaters to be blindfolded, and then allowed 5 minutes to find the notes. Each skater to retain any he may find.

S. S. "LOCKSLEY HALL," ARRIVED
13TH MARCH, 1890.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the PRINCE'S DOCK. Chafed or Broken Packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed. The undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' Boats, and, if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in Boats at Steamer's option, at their risk and expense.

Captain CLARK will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims must be certified to by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 13th Mar., 1890.

NOW READY.
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports' for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece-Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period so far back as 1878 and 1879 respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, a rrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10
Single Copy.....Annas. 4

CAUTION TO PAPER IMPORTERS.

IT has been brought to our Notice that Papers are being imported in Bombay bearing labels closely resembling our own. We have, therefore, to give PUBLIC NOTICE that the "LION" and "DESK" have been duly Registered by us under the Trade Mark Act in respect of Paper, Stationary, Printing and Book-binding, and any fraudulent attempt to copy the same will be severely dealt with,

JOHN DICKINSON and Co., Ld.
65, Old Bailey, London.

CONTRACT for the Supply of Provisions &c for Her Majesty's House of Correction and Her Majesty's Common Jail and Government Workhouse Bombay, from 1st April 1890 to 31 March 1891.

Full particulars can be ascertained on application at the House of Correction office, Byculla.

The undersigned is prepared to receive SEALED TENDERS up to the 24th instant.

No reason will be assigned for the rejection of any Tender.

W. P. WALSHE, Captain,
Superintendent Her Majesty's House of Correction and Governor, Government Workhouse.
Byculla, 13th March 1890.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT No. 643 OF 1889.

NARSINGDAS RAMNARAYEN, JUMNADAS RAMSOOKH & GORDHUNDAS HURRIRAM of Sarwal (near Ajmere) Marwadi Inhabitants, carrying on business in Bombay under the name, style, and firm of RUGHUNATHDAS JUGGONATHDAS by their Moonim Ramvalubh Ramnarayen of Bombay, Marwadi inhabitant, residing near Mombadavi, without the Fort of Bombay.....Plaintiffs.
vs.
BHERUDAS SHIVLAL & RAMPARTAB SHIVLAL of Mongana near Chittore in Oodeypore in Rajputana, carrying on business at Moongana, under the name, style and firm of SHIVLAL BHERUDAS.....Defendants.

WHEREAS by decree made herein on the 16th January 1890 the Defendants were ordered to pay to the Plaintiffs Rupees 4,824-5-6 for debt and interest, and Rupees 519-15-0 for costs and further simple interest at the rate of six per cent- per annum from the date of the said Decree until payment.

And whereas by warrant of attachment before Judgment dated 23rd November 1889 the following moveable property was attached namely:—four chests of opium (Malwad) containing about 560 lbs. altogether.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on MONDAY the 31st March 1890, at 3 o'clock, in the afternoon the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the Warrant for sale dated 3rd March 1890, put up for SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION at the Government Opium Warehouse No. 6, near the Custom house, Fort, the moveable property aforesaid or so much thereof as shall be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree &c., &c.

Each lot to be paid for at the time of sale.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 13th day of March 1890.

JOHN MARSHALL,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Messrs. PESTONJI & RUSTIM.
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., LD.,
(IN LIQUIDATION.)
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES. ! !
NOVELS REDUCED TO ANNAS 6½ PER SHILLING.
ALL OTHER BOOKS AT ANNAS 7 PER SHILLING
SELLING OFF EVERYTHING AT GREAT REDUCTION.

COOPER, MADON & CO., LD.,
(In Liquidation.)
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE ABERIGE MACKAY under the *nom de plume*, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN. Cloth bound. Rs. 1; Postage, 4 Annas.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Under the distinguished Patronage and in the Presence of
T. E. LORD AND LADY REAY,
THE BOMBAY AMATEUR DRAMATIC SOCIETY
Will give a Representation at the
NOVELTY THEATRE
Of the highly-successful English Opera,
"THE YEOMEN OF THE GUARD,"
By W. S. Gilbert and Sir A Sullivan,
On FRIDAY the 14TH, MONDAY the 17TH, and TUESDAY the 18TH MARCH,
IN AID OF THE FUNDS OF THE EUROPEAN GENERAL HOSPITAL and the FOUNDLING HOSPITAL.

DRAMATIS PERSONAE.

Sir Richard Cholmondeley, (Lieutenant of the Tower).....Mr. Stewart.
Col. Fairfax (under sentence of death)...Mr. Reddie.
Sergeant Meryll (of the Yeomen of the Guard).....Mr. Dallas Brooks.
Leonard Meryll (His Son).....Mr. Measor.
Jack Point (a strolling Jester).....Mr. Craig.
Wilfred Shadbolt (Head Jailor and Assistant Tormentor).....Mr. E. Ferrers Nicholson.
Corporal of Yeomen.....Mr. Doherty.
First Citizen.....Mr. Dennys.
Elsie Maynard (a strolling Singer).....Mrs. Walker.
Phoebe Meryll (Sergeant Meryll's Niece)...Mrs. Adams.
Dame Carruthers (house-keeper to the Tower).....Mrs. Macbeth.
Kate (Her Niece).....Mrs. Turner.

YEOMEN OF THE GUARD	CITIZENS ETC.
Mr. Bake.	Mr. C. E. Nixon.
,, J. Brooks.	,, Pearson.
,, Dyson.	,, Stiven.
,, Flower.	,, St. Paul.
,, Laidlaw.	,, Turner.
,, Macbeth.	,, Valentine.
,, Macpherson.	,, Walker.
,, Moore.	Mrs. Flower.
,, R. B. Nixon.	,, Craig.
,, Roughton.	,, Ferrers Nicholson.
	,, C. E. Nixon.
	,, Stiven.
	Miss Atkins.
	,, Stacey.
	,, D. Stacey
	,, Swift.

Sc —Tower Green. Date—16th Century.

Seats may be secured at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.
The Performance will commence at 9-15 sharp.

NOW READY.
BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12.
Single Copy.....Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart-Row, Fort.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs JOHN DICKINSON and Co. London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

WESTERN INDIA VOLUNTEER ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.
FOURTH ANNUAL TOURNAMENT.

THE dates of the FOURTH ANNUAL TOURNAMENT of the Western India Volunteer Athletic Association have been altered to MONDAY the 24th and TUESDAY the 25th Instant.

By order of the Executive Committee
E. W. FERN.
Honorary Secretary, W. I. V. A. A.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of 8 per cent. for the year ending 31st December 1889, will be paid to Registered Shareholders, on and after MONDAY, the 17th instant, at the offices, Albert Building.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 4th March, 1890.

HORSE AND CATTLE SHOW.
NOTICE.

ENTRIES for the JUMPING and DRIVING COMPETITIONS, for the TANDEM and TEAM CLASSES, as well as for the BULLOCK DRIVING CLASSES can be made up to the 24th inst.

Notifications should be addressed to the Honorary Secretaries, 6, Apollo Street, Fort.

N.B.—The driving competition will embrace all kinds of driving, in any sort of trap and in awarding the prizes marks will be given for style and completeness of whole turnout, including harness, carriage, Syce, &c. Traps will be required to remain on the ground only during the actual hours of competition which will be advertised in due course.

NOTICE.

DETAILED PROGRAMME and PRIZE LIST of the FLOWER, FRUIT and VEGETABLE SHOW to be held in the Victoria Gardens probably on the 25th, 26th, and 27th March 1890, during the visit of H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR of WALES, can be had on applying to the undersigned at the Victoria Gardens Office.

G. CARSTENSEN,
Honorary Secretary,
Flower, Fruit and Vegetable Show.

KWONG SANG LOONG,

DEALER in China curiosities of different kinds, Fancy Fans, best China Teas, Gold and Silver ornaments especially made in China, guaranteed of pure silver and eighteen ct. gold, good Manilla Cigars, and other sundries, with moderate prices, worth seeing and presenting, good Silk Handkerchiefs with embroidery work, and best Silk Piece-goods, &c.. &c, Nos. 398-400, out Fort, Abdool Rahiman Street, Bombay.

BOMBAY INDUSTRIAL ART EXHIBITION.
SCHOOL OF ART, ESPLANADE.

The Society will pay freight on specimens of work done BY THE WOMEN OF INDIA, and will receive them as a special case up to the 20th instant.

THE PANCHGANI HOTEL

HAS Eight sets of bed, Dressing and Bath Rooms, Splendid Table, all the comforts of a home. Only Rs. 3 per day. Every thing first class. The longer the stay, the easier the terms.

The Proprietor has served Gentlemen for many years, and can show excellent certificates. Arrangements made for supplying Ayas, Butlers, and Carriages, &c., by wire,

KASSUM BAHADOOR,
Proprietor, Manager.

THE BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the EIGHTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Bombay Telephone Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Offices of the Company, No. 32, Elphinstone Circle, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th March, at 1 p.m., for the disposal of the following business—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts, together with the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remuneration.
5. And such other business as the Chairman may bring forward.

BENN ASHLEY & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on sums of Rs. 500, and upwards.

For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.
,, 6 ,, 4 ,, ,,
,, 12 ,, 5 ,, ,,

GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment and approved cheques on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received.

LAYS OF THE LAW—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets; by W. E. H. PRICE Re. 1-8 postage, anna 1.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

CEYLON TEA, as used at the Byculla Club, Bombay Club, Yacht Club, and Club of Western India, Poona. Samples tins of 4 lbs. obtainable at the offices of PHIPSON & Co.

LADY REAY LAYS FOUNDATION STONE of Wesleyan Military and Naval Church and Colaba High School, TO-DAY, at 5-30. Every sympathiser cordially invited.

BEAUTIFUL CHINESE PAPER LANTERNS FOR SALE of all sorts and sizes. Kwong Sang Loong, Old Fish Market, Abdool Rahiman Street out Fort.

REPAIR of WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSICAL Boxes, &c.—Any complicated or plain watches and clocks repaired by the undersigned at very moderate cost, and to the perfect satisfaction of the owner. Holding numerous high testimonials in the line. JEHANGIR, C. CHASJEE, WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, 97 Medows Street.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED. —Comfortable Phaeton and Tonga Dawks ready laid from Poona direct, and also from Wathar, can be had at moderate charges. Apply to Burjorjee Parashaw, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Now Open the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Under European management.

TOBACCO.—Havelock's and Tennant's, in STICKS of 4s and 6s to a lb. in Bond or Retail for sale. Trial orders solicited.—ERANI HORMAZ SHERIAR, Cigar and Tobacco Merchant, No. 3, Rangari Mohla, opposite Crawford Market, Bombay.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS!—Just arrived from China and Japan an entirely new Stock of NOVELTIES of Artistic design and finish.—EBRAHIM ADAMALLY, China Bazaar, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

A FLAT TO LET in a good position in the Fort, suitable for two families. Rent Rs. 80. Apply No. 40, Care of this Paper.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.—In great variety from one of the best manufacturers. Suitable for presentation. Moderate in prices.—MORENAS and Co. 15 Meadow Street.

MOTIVALA'S DIARRHŒA DROPS a most reliable and efficacious Vegetable remedy in Cholera, Diarrhœa, Colics, Vomiting and Looseness of Bowels. It has saved thousands of lives. Condemn it not without a trial, Price 4 and 8 annas per phial. For cures see hand bills which can be had of S. B. MOTIVALA, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay.

REPORTER WANTED for an English Daily. Apply "B.," care of this office.

COMPOSITORS.—Wanted AT ONCE good Compositors. Apply to the Superintendent, *Bombay Gazette*.

WANTED—Second hand GAS or WATER PIPES 1½ inch diameter. Iron rods one inch or one and a half in diameter. State price to X. Z. Care of this Office.

WANTED.—A SITUATION as CHILDRENS' MAID, by a very Competent, and well-educated NATIVE NURSE. She can be well recommended by her present employer who is going home. Apply "C. G.," care of this Paper.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—Messrs. ROGERS and Co. beg to announce that they have REMOVED to their new office, 25 Hummum Street.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a first-class upper-storied and most comfortable Hotel in Poona. Rooms are bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate sitting-room. Terms moderate.

STANDARD POLICIES.—Premiums moderate. Conditions liberal. Every facility for the despatch of business. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, etc., apply "P.," care of this office.

JOHN Y. LANG, Esq. (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—During the late epidemic of fever at Delhi, I sent up from Bombay a supply of Dr. Ballwalla's Ague-Mixture, and our Staff, which was prostrated by fever, derived immediate benefit from its use. Orders for Ballwalla's Ague-Pills or Mixture may be addressed to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co. and Phillips and Co., at Re. 1 each.

PEARSE is now sending DIGESTIVE BREAD to all parts of the Island, 12 loaves per rupee. Send your orders please.

NOW READY—MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY for 1890.—Enlarged, Corrected, and Revised up to Date. Indispensable for Visitors and Residents. Cloth bound.—Price Rs. 3.—Postage 4 annas. *Bombay Gazette*, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay.

A TRIAL SOLICITED.—A NEW BAKERY just established back of the late Mr. Freeborn's Mill, Falkland Road. Bread made of American Flour, 12 for one rupee. Apply to.—M. HEARSCH.

A. & B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whiskey and Highland Whiskey, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

FLOUR MILLS, Grain Crushers, Soda-Water Machines, &c., of various capacities for hand, cattle or steam power.—GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

LAWSON'S CUVEE DE RESERVE CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON & Co., Sole Agents.

BOUQUETS for Weddings, Balls, Presents &c., in colours regulated to match with Dresses worn.—THOMAS BROMLEY, Valentine Lodge, Sangums Poona.

JUST RECEIVED a LARGE SUPPLY of ONE-DAY BEE ALARM TIMEPIECES, Rs. 8. Goes in any position. Warranted for 2 years. STEFENAUER and Co., Fort.

RANSOME'S Celebrated LAWN MOWERS, "The Automaton," "The World," "The New Paris," 10, 12, 14 and 16 inches. In Stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Marine Street, Bombay.

BROWN HIDE COURIER BAGS, lined Red, Room inside Pocket, outside Pocket with Flap, Shoulder Straps and Good Nickel Locks, Rs. 13-8, 14-8, and 15-8.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

A ROAMER TRICYCLE.—Cost new Rs. 330 2 months ago—Owner going home, will part with it for Rs. 275. Also a second-hand TANDUM. Cost new Rs. 450 offered for Rs. 300 net. To be seen at Messrs. MARCKS and Co, Ld., Bombay.

AGENT WANTED.
A LONDON FIRM OF MERCHANTS AND GENERAL EXPORTERS (at present doing a trade with India) are desirous of developing their connection therefore require an energetic and influential Representative for Bombay and district. Applicants must be in a position to introduce sound business as well as Buying Agencies. To a man of influence this is an opportunity to create a profitable working Agency. Advertisers have been established in the City of London nearly a century, and have valuable credits with English and Foreign Manufacturers. References would be given (and required) to leading Indian Traders and any of the Banks. Applications to be made, with full particulars in strict confidence, to Delhi, care of JOHN HADDON & Co.'s Central Advertising Offices, 3 and 4, Bouverie-street, London, E. C.

JUST PUBLISHED
TENTH EDITION.; FORTIETH THOUSAND.
THE UNIVERSE.—A Study of Contrasts in Creation, and Marvels Revealed and Explained by Natural Science. By F. A. Pouchet, M.D. With 272 Engravings on Wood and a Coloured Frontispiece. Cloth 7s. 6d.

From the *Times*:—"We can honestly commend this work, which is admirable, as it is copiously illustrated."

NOW READY, Vols. I., II., III and IV.
BLACKIE'S MODERN CYCLOPÆDIA.
A Handy Book of Reference on all Subjects and for all Readers. With numerous engravings and maps. To be completed in eight volumes, published quarterly, square 8vo. cloth, 6s. each; or half morocco, 8s. 6d. each.

From the *Saturday Review*:—"Comprehensive without being bulky. The information is succinctly given, sufficiently copious, and strictly relevant."

BLACKIE & SON, LONDON.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET.

NOTICE.

THE SALE of the late Colonel F. J. Wise' horses, guns, &c., by order of the Administrator General advertised to take place on Monday the 17th inst., has been POSTPONED until further notice.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 15th inst, sale commencing at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Frere Road, Mody Bay, above the Mody Bay Billiard Room, a valuable and complete type foundry, consisting of matrices, molds, punches of English, Gujrati and Marathi book types, heading types, fancy borders, and a type casting machine of the well-known makers Hughes and Kimber, London.

Detailed catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th March, at 1 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Government House, Fort, opposite the Old Secretariat, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, platedware, glass and crockery ware lamps, elegant chiffonier, by Wimbridge, pierglass in ebony frame, carpets, &c., the property of JAMSETJEE ARDESHIR WADIA, Esquire.

The property is now on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 17th instant, at 12 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
5 ,, dhotie.
10 cases white ground prints.
5 ,, fancy prints.
2 ,, choli cloth.
2 rotary oil mills.
50 boxes, each 1 dozen, Goodwin Brothers' old Scotch Whisky.
1 mahogany Cottage pianoforte.
1 rook rifle in leather case.
3 boxes digestive liqueur.
A few Indian swords.

On account of the first purchasers—
50 kegs, each cwt, bicarbonate of soda.
1 cases silk satins of asso ted colours.

By order of Chundoolal Knooshaljee, and on account and at the risk of Runsajee Heerajee—
2 bunches of pearls, 98 beads, 391 small pearls—weighing in all 227 chows.

By order of Chuggon Ramchund, and on account and at the risk of Mugganlal Gunput—
B—G C B—650-300—50 bundles copper sheets.

AT 2 P.M.

1 strong serviceable office-shigram.
1 ,, second-hand brougham.
1 new round-shaped victoria.
1 country-bred gelding, 13-3, a first rate hunter and well-known with the Bombay Hounds.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On WEDNESDAY, the 19th March, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Chinchpogly, next to Persian Ambassador's bungalow, the valuable and handsome F.P., blackwood and Teakwood household furniture, platedware glass and crockeryware fancy table ornaments, and flower vases K.O table and hanging lamps Brussels carpets, etc, the property of G. WILKINSON, Esquire.

The property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On THURSDAY, the 20th instant at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co, are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Sea View, Middle Colaba, opposite the Post Office, the valuable and handsome French polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, platedware, crockery and glassware, a sweet toned mahogany sympathetic square pianoforte by S Rose and Co, a handsome 13 stops American organ by Daniel Beatty, pictures, Brussels carpets, table ornaments, China flower vases, choice plants in tubs and pots such as Poona roses, ferns, achimenes, &c. the property of G H ROPER Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before sale.

SALE OF Unserviceable tools, timber, scantlings Firewood and Scrap Iron.

Under instructions from the Superintendent, Gun Carriage Factory, Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Factory, on FRIDAY, the 21st instant, at 2 p. m.

A large quantity of unserviceable tools of sorts and sizes, Timber Scantling of various descriptions, also a large quantity of Firewood and Scrap Iron.

In lots to suit all classes of buyers.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT CAVEL OUTSIDE THE FORT.

On THURSDAY the 27th instant at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the Mo. Ignace Biliwjee Vithal ma agun and on account and at the risk of Domingos Francisco de Mello and the estate of the late Joseph de Mello the Mortgagors the undermentioned landed property viz.

All that piece of Fazundaree ground together with the messuage or dwelling houses standing thereon, situate without the Fort walls of Bombay in the part Kurwall at Cavel, assessed by the Collector of assessment under No. 67 and bounded on the North by a passage and the house of Eusebio Vegas and the house of Gopoal Bundaroo, on the South by the house of the late Manoel Antonio de Mello, on the East by the compound of the said premises, an open path and the house of the late Francis Fernandes, and on the South by the house of Purbhoo.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT GRANT ROAD WITHOUT THE FORT.

On SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagees, Moorajohoy Premjee, Pazulbhoy Meerali, and Sheer Mahomed Allarakhia, trustees of an indenture of trust, dated 22nd July, 1874, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Vazirabibi, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated 23rd March, 18-5.

All that piece or parcel of freehold foras ground, situate near Cammatepora, on the north side of Grant Road together with all the four dwelling-houses or bungalows, with the outhouses appurtaining thereto, and a building now or formerly used as a shop erected and standing on the said piece of land, in the registration subdistrict of Fort, admeasurement 1,79 2-9 square yards or thereabouts, the same being now or formerly surrounded by a wall, and bounded on the north by the property now or formerly belonging to the Municipality of Bombay, on the south by Grant Road aforesaid, on the east by Cursetjee Sookiaee Road, and on the west by the property now or formerly belonging to Vaikuthdass Bhugwandass Bhunsali, and which said piece of land is registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 16-, and by the Collector of Municipal Assessment under Nos. 2-6, 2-8 and 2-10, formerly and now in the occupation of the said Vazerabibi and her tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Thakurdas, Dharamsi and Cama, the solicitors or the mortgagees, or to the undersigned,

CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, March 14, 1890.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No 22, APOLLO STREET.

THE SALE of horses at "Locksley Hall," which was to take place to-day is POSTPONED until further notice.

Under instructions from the Commissariat Storekeeper General, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 14th inst., at 12 noon, sell by Public Auction at the old Government Bakery, a quantity of empty cases, unserviceable cloaks and deadstock, &c.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th instant, Messrs BENNETT and Co, will sell by Public Auction at their rooms quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods,—

AT 1 P. M.

1 handsome fast trotting bay Arab horse, 6 years old, very quiet and hard working,
1 Handsome strong English built glass fronted brougham, in good order,
1 Chesnut Arab horse, 14 3, 5 years old, goes in single and double harness,
1 Second hand strong office shigram,
1 Strong built Victor a with removeable coach box,

On account and risk of Mr. Narotumdas Gordhandas Khimjee—
1 English built Victoria by "Kesterton,"
The property of another gentleman—
1 strong palanquin office shigram in very good order.
1 strong mail-phaeton convertable into a wagonette.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th instant at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Gowalia Tank Road, the very valuable and handsome Black and Teakwood substantial made household furniture of the latest design and best workmanship, magnificent cabinets and drawing-room suits, large size China and Japanese jars, very old brass bedsteads, complete bedroom furniture, almyras, fish bowl, a first rate Mahogany Grand Square pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Sohns, a nearly new American organ by Cornish and Co., &c., the property of Bapoojee Hormusjee Mody, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE of Arab and Persian horses at Ali bin Ameer's Stable, Byculla, opposite Messrs. Treacher and Co's shop.

On SUNDAY, the 16th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place—

A number of new Arab and Persian Horses, suitable for racers, chargers, hunters, hacks, &c.

The property of different dealers proceeding to their native country.

AUCTION SALE OF BURNT COTTON.

On MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 1 p.m, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Depot, Colaba—

A quantity of burnt cotton.

A deposit of 20 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On TUESDAY, the 18th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms to the highest bidder the property of a gentleman proceeded to Europe, consisting of glass and crockery ware, table lamps, plated ware, and other sundry articles.

AUCTION SALE OF THE CELEBRATED PRICE & CO.'S PERFUMERY.

On TUESDAY, the 18th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms an invoice of the celebrated Price and Co.' Perfumery consisting of Essence of rose water, Damask rose Frangipani, Jockey Club, Kiss-me-quick, lavender water sarsaparilla, pomade, soap, eude-cologne, Chemical food, florida water, &c.

On SATURDAY, the 29th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at 31, Woodhouse Road, Seaside, Colaba the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood Frenchpolished household furniture, plated glass and crockery ware, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, first rate oleographs and pictures, rich Brussels carpets Hinks's patent table and hanging kerosine lamps, &c., the property of the late Captain F. W. HODGES.

The property will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, March 14, 1890.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying Seventy Military Messes and Twenty Clubs with the finest Vintage WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN, Pall Mall, London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS, Pall Mall, London.
CHRISTOPHER & Co., Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO, Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET & Co., Epernay.
HEIDSICK & Co., Rheims.
AYALA & Co., Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY, Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT, London.
LEACOCK & Co., Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON & Co., Madeira.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co., London.
VAN ZELLERS & Co., Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG, Worms-am-Rhein.
NATHANIEL JOHNSTON & SONS, Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS, Bordeaux.
JAMES CATHCART & Co., Leith, N.B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co., London.
HUNGARIAN GOVT. CELLARS, Budapest.
H. T. CRESWELL & Co., Gibraltar.

Price List on Application
TO
PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.

Specially selected and shipped by Messrs. BLANDY BROS. & Co., of London.

THE "BLANDY" BRANDS.
DIRECT SUPPLY SYSTEM.

MADEIRAS—From the celebrated "Blandy Stock." 8 qualities, from Rs. 23-8 to Rs. 58-12 per dozen quarts.
PORTS—From Hooper Brothers, Oporto. 4 qualities, from Rs. 18-8 to Rs. 28 per dozen quarts.
SHERRIES—From Manuel Gaztelu E. Yriarta, Cadiz. 6 qualities, from Rs. 19 to Rs. 28 per dozen quarts.
CHAMPAGNES—From Henriot and Co., Rheims. 4 qualities, from Rs. 48 to Rs. 60 per dozen quarts.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A. Leon Aine, Bordeaux, 3 qualities, from Rs. 16 to Rs. 24 per dozen quarts.
HOCKS—From Meyer & Coblenz, Bingin-am-Rhein' 2 qualities (Still), from Rs. 21 to Rs. 25 per doz. qts. 2 ,, (Sparkling), from Rs. 40 to Rs. 53 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder and Co., Leith. 2 qualities, from Rs. 28 to Rs. 32 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Ross and Cameron, Inverness. 3 qualities, from Rs. 31 to Rs. 40 per doz. qts.

Detailed List of Prices and Terms from
R. RAMCHANDRA & CO.,
APOLLO HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY,
Sole Agents for the Presidency.

INSURANCES.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT.

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Secretary.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
FIRE LIFE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED—£1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up	Last Half-Yearly. Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	4 pr. ct.	925
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	990
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	939
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	125
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£25
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	380
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	60,000	£125	all	17½ pr.ct.	..
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	175
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct	170

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,125
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	700x
Apollo	750	2,400	2,200	Nil.	240
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Nil.	425
Bombay Cotton Breul's Cawnpore Press Co, Ld.	1,000	125	125	20	145
Colaba	500	200	200	16	9
East India	500	1,880	1,880	55	330
English Press and Manfg. Co., Ld.	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,230
Fort	400	250	..	..	195
French	150	8,500	8,500	150	1,100
Harvey and Sabapathy	300	500	all	50	525
Khangaum	450	450	500	30	41
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	240	450	450	45	4.5
Mercantile	300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mofussil Co	1,000	125	125	10	60
Munmar M	3,125	400	400	50	425
New Berar	1,000	250	all	25	177½
New Indian	1,200	500	500	45	510
Prince of Wales	4,000	125	125	11	88½
Sabapathy (Bellary)	600	500	500	40	325
Sassoon	300	500	500	25	500
Sind and Panjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	25	1,150
Sind	400	2,000	750	50	480
Volkart	..	1,000	all	60	570

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	1,000 / 750	200	200 / 150	10 p.ct	200 / 150
Badham Pile & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	Rs. 14	140
Bapty Co., Ld.	625	00	185	Nil	45
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld				6 p.c.	60
Bombay Flour Mill Co	750	500	500	10 p.c.	660
Bombay Ice Co. Ld	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	88
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	150	Rs.	3,050
Do Grd Issue	2,000	62	45	Rs.	770
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c	106
Clydesdale Dyeing Co	1,000	500		...	..
Cooper Madon Ld	3,000	100	100	Rs	5
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	60 nl
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	170
Geyer & Co. Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Suretyship As.	5,000	100	10	10 p.c	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Ld	42,000	25	25		4½
Kurrachee Lighterage	500	250	250	...	75
Kemp & Co. Ld	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26	363
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	0	100	Rs. 10	80
Napier Hotel Co	300	10	100	13 p.c.	70
Do Foundry	500	100	100	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life As.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c	200
Oriental Loan Asso	5,000	20	20	8 p.s.	20
Port Canning Co	6,000	000	1,000	Rs. 20	365
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	5	65
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs.	99
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	100
Southwell and Austin	1,000	...	95	...	80
Telephone and Co., Ld	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	11½
Treacher and Co., Ld	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,210
Thacker & Co., Ld	1,500	100		Rs. 10	130
Western India Flour	000	1	125	Nil.	35
T M Mody & Co					80
Bhownuggor City P. & M Co, Ld	550	250	250	Rs. 15	230

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	90	1,300
Alfred Manufacture	1,000	500	500	15	100
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	20	410
Albert Edward Mills	1,000	500	500	20	200
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	2	65
Bellary S & W Co, Ld (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 pr. ct.	50
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	625
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co	600	500	500	25	390
Central India	3,750	500	500	45	800
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	50	850
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	15	495
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	10	575
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,00	Nil.	425
David Mill	1,400	500	500	25	435
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	900
Empress	2,100	500	all	15	470xd
Framjee Petit.	2,250	1,000	1,000	25	420
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	20	115
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	40	675xd
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	500	40	750
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	15	470xd
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	30	715
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	25	390
Indian Manfg.	600	1,000	1,000	50	880
James Greaves.	1,100	500	500	15	500xd
Jaffor Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	350
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,600	250	250	12½	240
ewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	45	790
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	3	560
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	200 nom
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	520
Leopold	3,500	100	100	5	146xd
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	700
Madras United.	300	1,000	1,000	100	1,850
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	25	400
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	9 pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	50	1,020
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	5	87½
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	5	1,565
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	250
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	25	550
Oriental	5,725	625	625	10	980
People of India.	1,000	250	250	Nil.	65
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	50	950
Prince of Wales	1,250	600	1,350	Nil.	5 nom.
Sassoon	1,600	1,000	1,000	25	1,590
Sholapore Mills.	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,280
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	30	350
Southern India.	1,000	500	500	15	130
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12½	275
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	Nil.	265
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	575
Syadesh Mills.	3,000	500	500	Nil.	235
Victoria Mills.	550	1,000	1,000	25	350
Western India.	1,200	1,000	1,000	25	475
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	50	650
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	50	1,000

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	98 13-16
Four-and-a-half per cent	100½
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	103¾
Six per cent. Municipal Loan House Rate	
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872	Nil
City of Paris Loan	230
Port Trust Bonds	95¼

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate
London Banks	On demand	1s. 5 1-16d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	1s. 5 1-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months' sight.	1s. 5 5-32d.
Do. do.	4 Do do.	1s. 5 3-16d.
Do. do.	6 Do do.	1s. 5 9-32d.
Do. Credit	3 Do do.	1s. 5½ to 9-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do do.	1s. 5¾ to 13-32d.
Do. Documents	3 Do do.	1s. 5 9-32d. to 5-16d.
Do. do.	6 Do do.	1s. 5 13-32d. to 7-16d.
France	3 Do do.	1²31d.
Do.	6 Do. do.	1²32d.
Calcutta	At sight	100 1-32d.
Do.	60 days	97⅜
Madras	At sight	100 1-32d.
Do.	30 days'	98⅜

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Gymkhana Athletic Sports, 5 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 5-45 p.m.
Novelty Theatre, Bombay Amateur Dramatic Society, "Yeomen of the Guard."
Foundation-stone, Wesleyan Methodist Church, Colaba, 5-30 p.m.
Switchback Railway.
Columbia Skating Rink, 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Locksley Hall (s), from Liverpool; and Swainley (s), Rangoon.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Dragoman (s), for Havre; Beatrice (s), Trieste, &c.; and Kaiser-i-Hind (s), China, &c.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Locksley Hall entered the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Olympia entered, and the s. s. Kaiser-i-Hind left the dock yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Zanzibar, direct per extra s. s. Teheran, will be closed at the General Post Office at 12 noon to-day.

THE COLUMBIA SKATING CHAMPIONSHIP.—The race for the Columbia Mile Championship Cup has been won by Mr. Derry. He first beat Mr. Ahrle by half a lap and then Mr. Rossenstein by three-quarters of a lap.

ACCIDENT ON BOARDSHIP.—A stevedore's labourer, named Barkia Mahadoo, employed on board the s. s. Eden Hall, lying in the Victoria Dock, while working in the hold of that vessel, sustained severe injuries by a bale of piece-goods, accidentally falling on him. He is at present lying under treatment at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital.

WESLEYAN MILITARY AND NAVAL CHURCH.—We are requested to remind our readers that the foundation-stone of the Wesleyan Methodist Military and Naval Church, Colaba, will be laid by her Excellency Lady Reay this afternoon at 5-30, after which there will be a sale of work held, which will be continued to-morrow from 4 to 7-30 p.m.

PARSEE CHARITY.—At the performance of the *oothumna*, or third day's funeral ceremonials in connection with the death of Bai Kharsedbai, widow of the late Mr. Nusserwanjee Bomonjee Mody and daughter of the late Mr. Eduljee Framjee Allbless, a sum of Rs. 9,290 was contributed from her own estate and by her relatives to different local charitable funds among the Parsees.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the 2nd Gloster Regt. will play the following programme of music at the Yacht Club this evening at 5-45 p.m.:—

Overture.....L' Italiano in Algieri.....Rossini
Valse .....Soldaten Leider.....Gungl
Selection.....Lucrezia Borgia.....Donizetti
Valse .....Gaite.....Waldtenfel.
Fantasia.....Erin.....Basquit
(Galop Vocal) Jolly Bachelor.....Standhaft.

INSULTING LANGUAGE.—A man named Green was yesterday placed before Mr. Richardson, at the Esplanade Police Court, charged with having insulted a woman named Mrs. Fernandez. The accused had, it appeared, used very foul language towards her. The offence was committed on the 5th instant. The accused said that Mrs. Green "bothered" him when he was suffering from fever, and that he could not help using the expressions towards her which he did. He was convicted and ordered to pay a fine of Rs 20, or in default to undergo twenty days' imprisonment.

TRYING TO CUT OFF HIS WIFE'S NOSE.—Police Inspector Dillon yesterday, placed a man named Kirsen Geilla, before Mr. Richardson, charged with having committed an assault, with a dangerous weapon. The man had, on Wednesday last, quarrelled with his wife, in consequence of his having a suspicion as to her fidelity. They had a dispute, and the accused, losing his temper, took out his knife, and attempted to cut off her nose. He caused a severe wound, and also cut her finger, as she was defending her face with her hand. The case was remanded until Saturday next, for further inquiries.

POSSESSED WITH A SPIRIT.—A man, named Laximon Sukar, was yesterday before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, charged with disorderly behaviour. The sepoy, who arrested him, stated that on Wednesday evening the man was behaving in a strange manner, in the public thoroughfare, and as he did not desist when told, he took him into custody. The accused said he had taken nothing to drink, but was possessed with a *divine spirit*, which caused him to act as he had. His Worship advised him to come at once to a Magistrate, the next time he felt a spirit taking possession of him. He was warned, and discharged.

THEFT BY A MILL LABOURER.—Yesterday, at the Girgaum Police Court, Inspector Cobb charged Daktia Bheeva, a labourer, employed at the Jadowjee Ragowjee Mill, on the Foras Road, against whom there appeared a register of five previous convictions, before Mr. P. Ryan, with stealing seven brass spindles, and two brass shaftings, of the collective value of Rs. 4, the property of the Jadowjee Ragowjee Mill on the 10th instant. The accused was arrested by a policeman on the night of the 10th instant on suspicion, while passing along Foras Road, and on being searched, the nine brass articles were found tu his possession. Upon further enquiries the property was found to belong to the Jadowjee Ragowjee Mill from whence the accused had stolen the articles. Daktia Bheeva, on pleading guilty to the charge, and also admitting his several previous convictions, was convicted and sentenced to fifteen months' rigorous imprisonment.

HIGH COURT.—MARCH 14.

(Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the HON. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

To speak to the minutes of the decree.

9—Mirza H K—Scrabji Framji Bomonji vs Jehangir Manecki Cursetji and another—Ardesir, H and D.

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

669—Payne, G and S—G G Geffert vs Reckchand Mohta—Jefferson, B D and K. Part heard.

671—Jefferson, B D and K—C A Turner vs C A Turner—Little, S F and N.

672—Jefferson, B D and K—C A Turner vs Jan Mahomed Khaluckdina and others—Little, S F and N.

624—Payne, G and S—Merally Rehmoobhoy vs Rehmoobhy Habibbhoy and others—Roughton and B.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

676-89—Payne, G and S—H C Stephens vs Hussonally Sorabji Kotwal and another—Wadia and G and in person. Part heard.

677-89—Payne, G and S—H C Stephens vs Abdool Hoosin Dawoodbhai. in person,

630-89—Chitnis, M and M—Baboolnath Gunpat and others vs Krishnaji Bhagaji Zugday and others—J C Cama.

648-89—J C Cama—Saley Mahomed Ludha vs Noorbai and another—Payne, G and S, and W and G.

532-89—H Bicknell.—Haji Mulla Mahomedji vs Luckmidas Morarji—Crawford, B B and B.

537-89—H Bicknell,—Thucker Hurridas Chaturbhoj and another vs Luckmidas Morarji.—Crawford, B B and B.

224-89—Roughton and B—Esmail Ebrahim and another vs Allabux Ebrahim and others—Payne, G and S. For consent decree.

680-89—R Skipsy—Javervahoo vs Luckhumsey Vussonji—Tyabji and D.

422-89—H Bicknell—Girjabai and another vs Yeshwadabai and another—Payne, G and S.

585-89—Nanu and, H—Manockbai widow vs Bomonji Darashaw Captain and others—Payne G and S

86-89—Tyabji and D—Aminabebee vs Jainabebee and another—Ardeser H and D, and Tyabji and D.

232-89—Payne, G and S—The New Great Eastern S M Co vs Lilladhur Javerchunnd—Jefferson, B D and K.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

FRIDAY, 14TH MARCH.

8-30 p. m.—Special Service and Sermon by the Revd A. Goldwyer Lewis.

MR. T. M. COTGRAVE has been appointed Deputy Collector of Salt, vice Mr. H. A. Acworth; Mr. Leckie to be first-class Assistant Collector in succession to Mr. Cotgrave; Mr. W. H. McCann, second-class Assistant; Mr. Kavasji K. Jamshedji, third Assistant; and Mr. H. G. Bulkley, fourth.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Siam, Captain H. T. Weighell, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi, Marseilles and Suez, with the Europe mails and the following passengers:—

FOR MARSEILLES.

Col W R Bunbury — Mr Orrell

FOR LONDON.

Revd and Mrs Shaw and 2 infants — Mr Jno Collett
Mr P Nield — Mr Paramore
Mr W Thorn — Mr Laicty
Mr and Mrs C A Wilkinson and child — Mr and Mrs Litsher and 2 infants
Lt J G Robinson

FOR BRINDISI.

Mrs Baldwin Latham — Dr T R Macdonald
Mr Sawhny — Mr Jas Bell
Capt J C Morris — Mr C J Tisdall
Mr W Duff Bruce — Mr J Morrimnan
Mr and Mrs H S Wildeblood — Genl Strachey
Mr S Cahill — Sir A Randol

FOR SUEZ.—Mr J J Stone

FOR ADEN.

Mr and Mrs J Walker, 4 children and infant — Genl A G F Hogg

The following passages have been engaged:—

Per s. s. Rome, Capt. A. W. Adamson, 18th March, 1890.

FOR LONDON—Revd E Guildford, Mr Goodfellow, child and infant, Capt and Mrs Bean, three children and infant, Mrs H P Hodson, child and nurse, Mrs and Miss Hay Newman, Major and Mrs Rosseter, Miss E Goodwin, Mrs Mathews, H R H the Duke of Connaught's two children, Sir F and Lady Forbes Adam, Mr and Mrs J Barton, Mr A Edwards, Mrs Lyle, Mr W Lock, child and maid, Mrs Johnson and child, Mr and Mrs W H Borden, Mrs W L Moore, Major and Mrs Kirkwood and 2 children, Col and Miss J Jopp, R A, Miss Dennie, Mr C C Collingwood, Mr R J Hind, esrs Pusey, Mrs Whitmore, 2 children and infant, Mrs Simpson, Mrs Scrafton, Mr and Mrs L Barton, Mr G R Duncan, Mr E J Birch, Mrs Chapman and one maid, Mr Cedard, Mr Geo Hopkins, Mr J H Waldley and Mr E F Fennigan.

FOR MARSEILLES—Mr Savage, Mrs Candy, Mr Mangles, Mr Robt H Elliot, Mr and Mrs R Hulton, Mr H N Brown, Mr Hudston Brown, Mr J Fleming, Mr W Bradshaw, Miss Bradshaw, Mr and Miss Roserson, Mr Eardley Norton, Mrs Montcrieffe and two children, Mrs Hamilton, Miss Pearson, Mr and Mrs J Hardcastle Sykes, Mrs Sykes, Mrs Hendley, Mrs Franklin, Col and Mrs E T Luck, Mrs Cuffe, Mr R Carstairs, Major and Mrs Broadbent, Mr Graham Watson, Mrs Baines, Mr G N Beach, Mrs R Dcey Spedding, Miss West, Mr and Mrs Waterstone Capt the Hon ble O Sidney, Mrs Nugent, Mr C B Simpson, Mr MacGregor, Mr Goodrich, Mr and Mrs Thompson, Mr S Calthorne, Mr T Stoker, Mr Tho Bruickman, Mrs Minchin, Mr T D Mackenzie, Rev H Williams, Capt J Sherston, Mrs Sherston, infant and 2 children, Mr H T King, Lord E W J Manners, Major and Mrs H B Fernan, Miss M Brodie and Mr J M Mallalun.

FOR BRINDISI—Miss Langworthy and Mr J W M Macleren

FOR PORT SAID.—Col Firebrace.

FOR SUEZ—Mr Frizelle.

Per s. s. Sutlej, Capt. W. D. Worcester, 21st March, 1890.

FOR LONDON—Mrs Crawley-Boevey and child, Mr and Mrs Alston and infant, Mrs Yeoman and child, Miss K Adams, Revd J F and Mrs Newton, three Misses Newton, Mr Willie Newton, Mr J Kelso, Revd Thomas Tracey, Miss S Casderwood, H H the Thakore Saheb of Gondal, H H the Maharanee of Gondal, two children and infant, Mr R McCullouch, Master George Wilfred Couldrey, Mrs Couldrey and 2 children, Mr D Boardman, Mr A Rao, Miss M C Hughes, Col H J Saunders, Mr and Mrs Medworth, Mr Medworth, Jun., two Misses Medworth and two boys, Mr and Mrs Asa Grey, Mr and Mrs E A Fitzgerald, Mrs Tooze, Mrs E Rose, Mr Baboo D N Chutterjee, Mrs White, Mrs Maitland and 5 children, Mr and Mrs W Stone, Mrs Thornburn, Mrs Fraser, child and ayah and Mr Williamson.

FOR BRINDISI—Col A F Laughton, CB, Mr and Mrs Jas Gray, Mr J H Hodgson, Mr and Mrs G W Allen and child, Mr De Courcy, Capt the Hon. R T Lawley, Miss M Witt, Mr and Mrs E M Lawson Smith, Mr W F Stutz, Hon'ble R Steele, Mrs Couldrey, Sir Lepel and Lady Griffin, Mr W S Greeve, Col Pratt, Col R J Beyhton, Mr E C Johnson, Mrs White, Col Marryatt, and Mr Surendra N Bommerjee, Mr J Sime, Mr W A Battenburgh, Mrs Skinner and 2 children, Mr and Mrs W Stone, Mr R J H Arbuthnot, Hon'ble C H Moore, Col and Mrs Harene, Mrs Arbuthnot, Mr W S Words and Surgeon-Major Steward.

FOR GIBRALTAR—Mr Mendies.

FOR ISMAILIA—Mr Armour, Mr Bacon and Count Von Platen.

FOR SUEZ—Mr and Mrs Apcar.

Per s. s. Assam, Capt. G. W. F. Browne, 28th March, 1890.

FOR MARSEILLES—Rev and Mrs G T Washburn, Rev J P Ellwood, Miss Clarke, Miss LeGros, Mrs Strong, Mr Laski, Mr J Taylor, Mr Fletcher, Mr J B Cemeing and Mr F O Vipan.

FOR LONDON.—Miss Pearson, Mr W T Douglas, Miss Laycock and friend, Mr Michael Hughes, Mr J N Beach, Mr and Mrs Kerr, Mr Galbraith, Mr T Davies, Mr Jas Webster and Mr and Mrs Kerr.

FOR ADEN—Mr W T Douglas.

FOR VENICE—Mr S N Wynne.

Per s. s. Massilia, Capt. C. G. Fraser, 4th April 1890.

FOR LONDON—Mr E C Baker, Miss Baker, Miss Chavasse, Mrs Porter, Mrs Herbert Wright, Mrs Amy Jones, Mrs and Miss Harwood and infant, Mrs Ward, Mrs A Priestley, Mrs M G Gerard, Mrs Rix, Mrs Laurie and child, Master and Miss Pentiman, Rev and Mrs D Hutton, Miss Hutton, Mr W Bruce, Miss Bremer, Miss Macdougall, Mrs Tebbs, Miss White, Mr Hogg, Mr Herbert Hayfield, Mr and Mrs Hooper, Miss Baron, Miss Drysdale, Mrs O'Hara, Mr and Mrs F W Bedford, Mrs Davies and 2 children, Mr and Mrs Wilson Hall, Mrs Chard, child and infant, Miss Mavano, Mrs Mathews, Mr E Plomer, Mr A Jones, Mr D Patterson, Mr and Mrs A H Wilson and child, Miss O Flynn, Mr Hurdyal Sing, Dr and Mrs H W Hill, Mr and Mrs Briggs, Mr and Mrs Bomford, and 2 children, Mrs Evan, 3 children and infant, Miss Dawson, Mr and Mrs Anderson, Miss Laycock, Miss Holt, Mr Wingate, Mr L W Hollis, Mr J J Carver and Mr and Mrs Atkin.

FOR BRINDISI—Col A G Begbie, Mr and Mrs F York Smith, Mr F Sessions, Miss Nainby, Mr and Mrs H T White, Sir Charles and Lady Gough, Col H Hammond, Mr A Mackenzie, Major and Mrs Bisset and infant, Mr C W Odling, Mrs Yate, Mr M B Baker, Mr and Mrs E S Llewellin, Miss Dyson, Mr Shah Namiuddin Ahmed, Mr P Dangerfield, Mr B F Guit, Mr and Mrs Kersall, Mrs H N Reynolds, Mr M B Baker, Miss Dyson, Mr Arbuthnot, Mr J Hooper, Mr Goldring, Dr and Mrs Famin, and child, Mrs Clarence Gibbert, Capt E C Bethune, Mr J Crosthwaite, Hon'ble Mr Justice Parsons, Major Burnaby, Mr J B D Adams and Mrs Wallerstein.

FOR ISMAILI —Mr D F De Vitre.

FOR ADEN.—Capt Mercer, R A., General Raisne, Col Sanford.

FOR GIBRALTAR—Mr and Mrs G C Whiteworth, Mr B W Bosworth, Mr J Bosworth, and Mr M Martin.

FOR PORT SAID.—Mr Laroche and Mr Larasin.

Per s. s. Siam, Capt. H. T. Weighell, 11th April 1890.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr and Mrs Patch, Col A R T McRae, Mr W Goldring, Mr H T Campbell and Mr C E Henry.

FOR MARSEILLES.—Mr J B Norman, Mr J H Hooy and Lt A Mallerby.

Per s. s. Oriental, Capt. E. Stewart, 12th April 1890.

FOR LONDON—Mr, Mrs and Miss A Martindale and 2 infants, Mr J Somerville and 3 children, Mr and Mrs J S McNeil, Revd W and Mrs Robert and child, Mr and Mrs A B Dunnett and 2 infants, Mrs and Miss Middleton and 2 infants, Mrs Forsyth, Mrs Brock, 3 children and infant, Miss and Mrs G H Poke, and 2 children, Mr R Johnson, Mr, Mrs and Miss G B Petter, 2 children and infant, Mrs Anderson and children, Mr and Mrs Smythies and 2 children, Mr A Leatham, Mr and Mrs Martin, Mrs Bertlin Preston, Surgeon-Major Burnett, Mr J Adler, Miss Wardell, Miss Colhoun, Mr Pedler, Mr Geo Brown, Mr Shrack, Miss Harris, Mrs Burt and two infants, Col Fitzerland, Mr W A Talboys, Baron Bentinck and Mr J Armstrong and 2 children.

FOR MARSEILLES—Mr T Herbert Wright, Mr W A Baker, Mr A B Hollis, Mr and Mrs Fred Farlow, Mr and Mrs Husband, Mrs Bell, 2 children and infant, Mr and Mrs R G Hardy, Col and Mrs Prinsep, Mrs Clarke, Miss Rooke, Mr and Mrs J L Evans, Mr Neil Fenirick, Mr Theo Bruickman, Capt and Mrs Dunn, Mr J E Baillie, Mrs T B Fry, Mrs and Mrs E M Alexander, Hon'ble E and Mrs White, Mr F R Tebbs, Dr and Mrs Charles, Colonel C K M Walter, Revd and Mrs G T Dennis, Mr and Mrs J N Buyers, Lord and Lady Reay, Mr and Mrs Burt and two children, Mr and Mrs Tennant, Mr and Mrs Johnson and two children, Mrs Stovey and child, Mr Sparenbarg, Mrs Tremenhere and maid, Mr C W W Hope, Revd and Mrs J M Walker and child, Mr and Mrs C L Tupper, three children and nurse, Mrs Bagshawe, Dr Schnoke, Col and Mrs J E Waller, Mr Edward Read, Mrs Strong, Lieut D Haig, Lieut G O L Carew, Col J A Hennessey, Mr J M C Carrell, Major J Hildebrand, Capt Kirk, Mr J White, Mr A L Harvey, Miss Calhonn, Mr A McNab, Lord Fitzmaurice and maid, Mr J Short, Mr J R Duxbury, Miss Duxbury, Mr Henry, Mrs Bowden, child and maid, Mr Humphries, Mr and Mrs W E Cooper, Surgeon-Major Gardner and Mr J Skander.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, MARCH 12.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Peninsular, with homeward Indian mails of the 7th inst., arrived here at 3 p.m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

HONGKONG, MARCH 13.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Massilia left here for Bombay yesterday evening.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Lombardy (extra) left here for Bombay at daylight to-day.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Brindisi (extra) arrived here from Bombay this morning.

COLOMBO, MARCH 13.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Chusan, from Calcutta, left here yesterday at noon for Aden.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Sutlej, with the China and Australian mails, left here for Bombay at 9 p.m. yesterday.

The H. M. S. Himalaya, from Hongkong, arrived.

SINGAPORE, MARCH 13.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Nizam arrived here from Bombay yesterday afternoon.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats steady.

Good Dhollera	4 11-16d.
The Manchester Market quiet.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	5s. 3½d.
8½ "	6-6d.
40s Mule Twist	9½d.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 4¼d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account	97⅜
3 per cent. French Rentes	88½
4 per cent. Rupee paper	69⅜
4½ per cent. "	70⅜
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107¼
Bar Silver	43½d. per oz.

The Bank of England rate of discount is now 4 per cent.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship Dragoman, 1,785 tons, Captain A S Nash, sailed yesterday for Havre with a general cargo.

THE steam-ship Swainle, 1,763 tons, Captain C A Topp, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon (3rd March), with a cargo of timber. The vessel is consigned to Messrs James, Mackintosh and Co.

THE steam-ship Beatrice, 1,441 tons, Captain A S Grate, sailed yesterday for Trieste and Venice with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mrs Pocock, two Misses Pocock and Master Pocock, Mrs John Berkley and 4 deck passengers.

THE steam-ship Clan Cameron, 1,585 tons, Captain H Silbery, will sail to-day for Dunkirk with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Lt and Mrs Gwynne, Mr and Mrs Gaitskell, Mr A Crisp, Mrs J Whishaw, Surgeon A Edwards, Mrs Grayfoot and infant, Lady Leslie and 2 infants, Mrs Mills and Mr G E Williams.

THE Hall Line steam-ship Locksley Hall, 2,496 tons, Captain T Collin, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Col Bruce, Col Simpson, Major and Mrs Duperier and child, Mr and Mrs Nicholas and child, Surgeon and Mrs Shearer, Mrs Jameson and child, Capt Silverthorne, Mr Hitchcock, Mr O'Brien, Mr Webb, Mr Jones, Mr Chitgrepe, Mr Simpleton, Mr Grene, Mr Wakeford, Miss Wakeford, Mr Coplictone, Mrs Vaughan, and four children, and Miss Berkley. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Edward, Bates and Co.

DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P. and O. Co's steam-ship Kaisar-e-Hind, 2,335 tons Captain G.W. Atkinson. sailed yesterday for China, with Her Majesty's China and Australian Mails, a general cargo and the following passengers:—For Yokohama—H. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, two maids, and two valets, Genl Sir McNeil, Col and Mrs. Cavaye, Dr Kilkelly, Mr J G Walker, Mr. H. Philipson, Mr Hay, and Mr and Mrs Mackenzie. For Hongkong—Mr and Mrs G W F Playfair, Mr Goerke, and Dr and Mrs Wright. For Singapore—Mr C H Price, Mr and Mrs Sieggfried and Mr McAlester. For Sydney Mr de Little, Mr Fiddes, and Miss Selina Peltz. For Melbourne—Revd and Mrs Caine Mr C G Bladock, Mr Jas Tullock, Mr Underwood, Mr J M Bell, Mr W Poudt, Mr John Furber, Mr Geo Sane, and Mr and Mrs J de Vere and infant. For Penang—Mrs Coots. For Colombo —Col and Mrs Lindsey, Mr W W Stanley Clarke, the Hon Mr. A N Curzon and Mr H Sydney Jones.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—MARCH 13.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. C. Cameron.	1585	Silbery	B	F Muir & Co
" Khalif	1473	Pole	J	K Nixon & Co.
" S. Magellan	17 7	Clark	F	F Muir & Co
" Staffa	1331	Osterford	H	Cursetji Edulji.
" Altonower	1611	Barnett	M	.....
" Gleudower	1650	Hodge	N	J Mackintosh & Co
" Laboudonnais				
Ship Sir Lancelot	896	Collin	Q	V Ebrahim

VICTORIA DOCK.

S.S. Asia

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IF you want TO BUY STEPHENS' GENUINE INKS of all sorts go to
HUSSENALLY ABDULALLY'S
BOMBAY STATIONERY MART
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H. C. STEPHENS, Esq., M. P.

JEHANGIR J. CURSETJI, M.D.,
L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.M.,
SURGEON-ELECTRICIAN AND AURAL SURGEON,
Late Clinical Assistant at the Royal Ear Hospital and West End Hospital for Nervous Diseases, London,
CAN BE CONSULTED FOR
DISEASES OF THE EAR, NOSE, AND THROAT,
From 3 to 5 p.m.
10, CHURCH GATE STREET.

THE EXCELSIOR BILLIARD CUSHIONS
on the new
PATENT LOW PRINCIPLE
are now being made by
BY JOHN ROBERTS AND CO.· LD.
and can be supplied at the same price,
as those made on the old principle.
Price Lists free on application to,
JOHN ROBERTS AND Co., LD.
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,
AND PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS,
18, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY,

NOTICE.

MR. C. A GRAVES.
DENTAL SURGEON.
HAS REMOVED
from Medows Street to
ESPLANADE ROAD.
(next to National Bank of India)
and Malabar Hill Road.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headaches and Costivenes.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the kin and Inflammation.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure when all other drugs have failed.

S. N. KOYAJI'S
AID TO THE STUDY OF ALGEBRA.
With Good Testimonials from many Professors.

MR. S. R. KNIGHT, B.A., of Messrs. Hall and Knigut, authors of the elementary and the Higher Algebra, says:—The explanations are very clear, and the illustrations well chosen, in particular the Section on Symmetry, p. 15, on article No. 307 on p. 97, and p. 190 are valuable additions to existing text books. I wish the book the great success that it certainly merits.... I ought to add that many of the solutions of the Examination papers are remarkably ingenious and worthy of attentive perusal.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical Surveying, Drawing Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical appliances, as Expeditiously and Cheaply as any firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair Share of public patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in full confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory manner and guaranteed,

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY LD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.
LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL
ON THE WAY TO KHANDALLA
IS NOW OPEN AND READY FOR VISITORS
UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

A First-class Hotel and spleudidly situated on the Hill, with a good western and all round view and within an easy distance from the Railway Station. A Lawn Tennis Ground has been made close to the Hotel for Visitors.—A new Grand Sympathetic Piano for general use.

Apply to the
MANAGER, LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly-practical English Farrie and every class of shoeing done

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.
The CHEAPEST material ever offered,
from the BEST makers.

BRUSH DYNAMO, 16 Arc Lights (2,000 candle-power each).. Rs 800
Do. do. 10 " " do. 500
EDISON do. 65 Incandescent Lamps, (20 c. p.)... 400
GRAMME do. 20 Arc Lights of 500 c.p. each or 200 Incan. Lights of 20 c. p. 500
GRAMME DYNAMO,10 Incandesent Lamps of 20 c. p... 180
GASSNER Dry Cells. No Chemicals. Always ready. Lasts for ever.
INCANDESCENT Lamps, 3, 5, 10 and 20 c. p.
INSULATED CABLE, from 6 annas per yard.
Do. WIRE " 1 anna "
F. FISCHER & Co.

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Being a reprint of two Letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by
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THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE.
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona,
" COOPER, MADON and Co.,
" THACKER, SPINK and Co, Calcutta
" HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 13.

THE resumption of business after the Holi holidays has not been marked by increased activity in Exports generally; nor has the Import market shown any signs of improvement, either in its ready or arrival branch. At the close of last week Cotton was in better demand for Export, and a good deal was done in that line at some partial advance in prices; but inquiry subsequently fell off, and transactions were on a small or moderate scale, the stronger tenor of advices from the ruling markets notwithstanding. Wheat has been dull throughout the week; and Seeds had been quiet, with prices unaltered in each case. Exchange has been weak and declining, and a fall of 3-16d., both in Bank and Private Paper, is shown in our quotations this evening, compared with those of a week ago. Money is no easier, and the Bank of Bombay rate remains at 12 per cent. Government Paper, however, is 5-16 higher for Four per cents. Freights are firm, but with not much fresh business passing.

MONEY.—Although the Presidency Bank's Cash Balance stood last Saturday at over 89¼ lakhs, or within a lakh of what it was at the close of the previous week, the figures given in the Bank's Weekly Statement issued on Monday showed that there had meantime been some noticeable movement on the items given in the statement; for Loans had increased considerably, while Private Deposits had diminished materially, and though, on the other hand, there had been a decrease of nearly 8 lakhs in Bills Discounted, the net result was an increase in the trade demand of about 20 lakhs. The uncertain element, however, which lately affected the Bank's balance adversely, had the opposite result during the week covered by the return, the effect of the expansion of the trade demand having been counter-balanced by an increase in Government Deposits. The Bank's minimum rate remains at 12 per cent. per annum; and in the open market there is much stringency, 14 and 15 per cent. being asked for accommodation, in the bazaar.

EXCHANGE.—On the re-opening of the market on Friday, after the Holi holiday, the feeling was steady for ready business at 1s. 5 7-32d. for Bank Demand, and 1s. 5 7-16d. for three months' sight Credits; but for forward delivery rates were weaker, say, 1s. 5¼d. for early April, and 1s. 5⅛d. for early May for the latter, with scarcely any Bills coming out. Forward rates for the Bank media of remittance up to the present month were quite nominal, there having been no sellers. The market opened quieter on Saturday, and continued weak at a decline of about 1-16d. from Friday's closing quotations for ready business; but with forward rates for Credits unaltered. Some Bank Demand was done at 1s. 5 5-32d.; but no quotations were given for forward remittance. Private Paper was scarce, and business generally was dull. On Monday there was a quiet feeling at a further decline of 1-32d. all round. A moderate business was done in Merchants' Bills, at 1s. 5¼d. for three months' sight Credits for the last mail in March, and at 1s. 5 3-16d. for early April, 1s. 5 1-16d. having been the rate for early May. Remittance was quoted at 1s. 4 31-32d. for Telegraphic, for early April transfer; but there was no enquiry in that direction. The market opened again with a quiet feeling on Tuesday, and a little business was done for the mail in three months' sight Credits, in the early morning, at 1s. 5 5-16d.; but later in the day the rate could not be repeated, although a fair amount of this Paper was placed for forward delivery, at slightly easier rates. Some Bank Telegraphic was done at 1s. 5d. for transfer by the first mail in April. Yesterday the market was easier at opening, with rates 1-32d. lower, all round; but it closed fairly steady at the decline, pending the receipt of news regarding Council allotments. A few Merchants' Bills came out at rather easier rates forward, say, 1s. 5d. for three months' sight Credits for the last mail in March, and 1s.4 31-32d. for the third mail in May; and a sale of Bank Telegraphic was reported at 1s. 4¾d. for May transfer. News of half a lakh of Bills, nd 21½ lakhs of Wire Transfers having been allotted by the Indian Council yesterday at 1s. 5d. and 1s. 5 1-16d., respectively, came to hand this morning, and this market has consequently been weak all day, forward Bills having been sold at 1s. 5 1-16d. for the second mail in April, and 1s. 5¼d. having been done in one or two instances for ready. A transaction between Banks is reported for Demand, for early April delivery at 1s. 4 15-16d. We close with a rather steadier feeling at the following rates for ready business:—

Bank Bills on Demand		1s. 5 1-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic		1s. 5 1-32d.	"
Do.	3 months' sight	1s. 5 5-32d.	"
Do.	4 do.	1s. 5 3-16d.	"
Do.	6 do.	1s. 5 9-32d.	"
Credits	3 do.	1s. 5¼d. to 4-32d.	"
Do.	6 do.	1s. 5⅛d to 13-32d.	"
Documents	3 do.	1s. 5 9-32d to 5-16d.	"
Do.	6 do.	1s. 5 13-32d to 7-16d.	"
Francs	3 do.	1811d.	"
Do.	6 do.	1833d.	"

The usual weekly official return relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures:—

Value of Silver in the Mint on 5th March '90, Rs.		71,90,233
Silver received during the week	"	21,32,257
	Rs.	93,22,540
New coin paid during the week	"	21,03,184
	Rs.	72,19,356
Bullion belonging to private individuals	"	84,27,171
	Rs.	1,56,46,527
Last week	"	1,46,96,490

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—This market remained virtually closed for the holidays till Saturday, when it was quiet at about the rates ruling before the Holi, both for Money and Account. For the former 98 9-16 was quoted throughout the day, and was the closing price, while for the settlement on the 31st inst. 99 1-16 to 99½ was the rate. A firm tone prevailed on Monday, though without much increase in business, and rates advanced ⅛ per cent., Fours having been quoted at 96 11-16 for cash, and 99 3-16 for the next account. On Tuesday the market was firm again with an upward tendency in rates, and at one time 98¾ was quoted for Fours for cash, and 99 5-16 for the next account; but prices were not maintained at this level, and closing quotations were 98 11-16 for Money, and 99 3-16 to ¼ for Account. Yesterday the feeling was quiet, little fresh business in either line having transpired. The rate for Fours for cash was 98 11-16 for some time, though it afterwards stiffened to the closing quotation of 98¾. For the next account 99 1-16 to ⅛ has been the quotation. Though still very quiet as to the amount of business passing, there has been a firmer feeling in this market, and Fours for cash have advanced to 98 13-16, which was the closing quotation. For the next account 99¼ was the final rate; and for the end of next month 99⅝ nominal was quoted, no business having transpired for that settlement. 100⅛ has been the nominal price of 4½ per cents. throughout the week.

Municipal 5 per cent. Loan and Port Trust Bonds are both unaltered at 103½ and 95½ respectively.

SHARES.—The depression in Cotton Mill Scrip continues, and all the changes which we make in our weekly list this evening on this principal line show a more or less serious decline from our quotations of last Thursday. Presidency Mill shares have declined Rs. 90; Lukhmidas, Rs. 80; Manockjee Petit, Rs. 65; Empress, Rs. 50; Queen, Rs. 35; Coorla, Hindustan, New Great Eastern, Oriental, and Star of India, are Rs. 25 lower; Alliance, Howard and Bullough, and Connaught have declined Rs. 15 each; Imperial, James Greaves, Khandesh, and Khatao Makonji are Rs. 10 down; Colaba Land and Mill and Jewraz Balloo have declined Rs. 5; and Mazagon are Rs. 2½ lower. Albert Press shares are Rs. 10 down; Bombay Cotton Press are Rs. 5 higher. Bank of Bombay shares have declined Rs. 5. Bombay-Burma Trading, third issue, are Rs. 5 higher. Treacher and Co. have advanced Rs. 10. Port Canning are Rs. 5 higher.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—High rates of accommodation still create considerable difficulties in the way of up-country purchasers, who are only buying what is absolutely necessary for their present requirements, while dealers, on their side, are willing sellers of Grey Goods at current rates simply to avoid going into stock as much as possible. Stocks are, however, increasing. Rates generally are unchanged, holders, though open to accept previous prices, refusing to accept anything lower. In Bleached, Dyed, Turkey Red, and Printed Goods there has been no change whatever since last week; and the same may be said of Local Goods. The clearances of Imported Goods during the week have been about 3,200 packages; those of Local cloths about 1,700 bales.

YARNS.—The market for Imported Twist has remained quiet, very little fresh business having been reported, but prices are quite unaltered. Advices from China give the sales for the fortnight ending on last Monday at 6,500 bales, with Exchange the same as before, and prices in some cases lower by a half a dollar. This news has made our market quieter, and rates are ruling in favour of buyers; spinners, however, decline to make concessions in respect of forward business. We call the market dull at closing, with more enquiry existing for low counts, at the following official quotations, the sales for the week being put down at about 2,800 bales.

Twist...	...No. 6s	Mule, As.	5¾	to 5 7-16 per lb.
" ...	... " 8s	" "	5 9-16 ...	"
" ...	... " 10s	" "	5 11 16 ...	"
" ...	... " 12s	" "	5 11-16	"
" ...	... " 16s	" "	6	to 6 1-16 "
" ...	... " 20s	" "	6½	to 6 11-16 "
" ...	... " 24s	" "	7	to 7¼ "
" ...	... " 30s	" "	8	... "

METALS.—Copper has been weak in sympathy with the market for this metal on the oither side, and we quote a decline of 4 as. per cwt. in prices, but the market closed steady at the reduction Yellow Metal has been steady, with only a small business passing, and rates are unaltered. Iron has been quiet at previous rates, but with very little doing in any description.

COALS.—There is a general demand for ready Coals, so prices for near arrival are very high in comparison with those for forward shipments. The Bunder stock has been reduced to 20,000 tons. We quote at closing:—

Davison's West Hartley, alongside, Rs. 20 ready, Rs. 18, forward, per ton.
Welsh Hartley..... " 20½ (from Bunder) per ton.
Cardiff..... " 21½ ready Rs. 20 forward per ton.

EXPORTS.

COTTON—There was an improved demand for this staple, more particularly from export buyers, at the close of last week, and a considerable business transpired, while the price of Broach and Bhownugger advanced to the extent of Rupee 1 per candy. The fresh week, however, opened with a quieter feeling, and only a small business was done on Monday, enquiry both from shippers and the Mills having subsided; and thereafter, notwithstanding the more encouraging tenor of advice, both from New York and Liverpool transactions continued on a moderate scale, the tone of the market being steady at previous rates. The largest line of purchases during the week has been in Bengals at Rs. 176-94. Of Oomra descriptions, the principal lots taken have been in Khangaum, at Rs. 205-12; Barsee, at Rs. 218-22½; Dhulia, at Rs. 186½-99; Akola, at Rs. 206-8: Julgaum, at Rs. 195-202; and Oojein, at Rs. 180; some Hingungat also changed hands at Rs. 224. Of Dhollera kinds, a little Mowa found buyers at Rs. 227; Bhownugger, at Rs. 226; Veerumgaum, at Rs. 192½; and Veraval, at Rs. 195; the remaining transactions having been principally in Broach at Rs. 247½-8; Compta, at Rs. 186; and Jafferabad, at Rs. 218 per candy. In arrival business some contracts were booked in Fine Broach, for March-April delivery, at Rs. 250; and in Good Dharwar, for May, at Rs. 224 per candy. The market closed steady this evening with prices Re. 1 to Rs. 2 higher on Broach, Bhownuggar, and Bengal, compared with last Thursday's, but otherwise unchanged.

The Receipts of Cotton of the new crop during the past week were only 65,500 bales, compared with 80,000 bales arrived in the previous week, and 75,900 bales to hand in the corresponding week last season, the occurrence of the Holi holidays having no doubt had a good deal to do with the falling off in arrivals. The excess in receipts of new Cotton this season compared with last, which was 94,600 bales a week ago, has become reduced to 84,200 bales, and it will be noticed from the particulars which we give below, that while Bengals, Khandesh, and Barsee show an increase, Berar, Cotton, Broach and Dhollera are in considerably shorter supply, compared with last season's arrivals

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool *via* Canal without commission, viz.:—

Cotton—	Per candy.	Per lb. C & F.
Bengal Fine	Rs. 195	= 4 5-16d.
Do Fully Good	" 181	= 4 1-32d.
Do Good	" 175	= 3 29-32d.
Belatee, Fine	" 205	= 4 17-32d
Do. Fully Good	" 203	= 4 15-32d
Do. Good	" 199	= 4 13-32d
Oomra, Fully Good (Good Staple)	" 223	= 4 29-32d
Do. Good do	" 217	= 4 25-32d
Khandeish, Fully Good	" 208	= 4 19-32d
Do. Good	" 201	= 4 15-32d
Broach, Fine (March-April)	" 249	= 5 7-16d
Do. Good do	" 240	= 5¼d
Dhollera, Fine (Apr-May)	" 230	= 5 1-32d
Do. Fully Good do	" 220	= 4 27-32d
Do Good do	" 210	= 4¾d
S-G Dharwar, Good (May)	" 225	= 4 15-16d
Westerns Good, (May-June)	" 218	= 4 25-32d

The arrivals of New Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season. 1889-90. Bales.	Season. 1888-89. Bales.
Bengals	294,000	171,700
Berar	247,000	270,000
Khandeish	202,500	179,000
Barsi and Nugger	65,000	52,500
Hinganghat	25,500	23,200
Broach	62,500	102,000
Dhollera	38,000	65,500
Persian and Sind	25,500	11,700
	960,000	875,800

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1890.	1889.	1888.
For the Week	66,61	77,852	54,179
From 1st Jan. to 12th March	6,96,066	7,11,237	4,40,806
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the Week	37,474	57,034	59,001
From 1st Jan. to 12th March	3,84,634	4,55,544	2,46,659
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the Week	3,482	1,223	1,672
From 1st Jan. to 12th March	16,651	8,127	8,615

WHEAT.—There has not been more than a faint enquiry from exporters on any day during the past week, and the market has been uniformly dull. Dealers, however, have not lowered their pretensions, and we call prices unaltered for all descriptions.

SEEDS have been more wanted for shipment than Wheat; but business has been on only a moderate scale throughout, and rates may be called unchanged all round, with a steady feeling at closing.

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Wheat for the Week	44,750	96,753	91,276
Do. from 1st Jan to 12th Mar	795,264	935,604	744,817
Linseed for the Week	66,732	60,666	46,225
Do. from 1st Jan to 12th Mar	363,964	364,274	378,147
Rapeseed for the Week	32,381	5,157	7,929
Do. from 1st Jan to 12th Mar	209,509	117,062	36,849
Gingelly seed for the Week	26,145	34,134	27,603
Do. from 1st Jan to 12th Mar	417,125	450,474	455,189

The clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

Wheat for the Week	7,052	81,131	81,338
Do. from 1st Jan to 12th Mar	674,371	1,413,482	554,487
Linseed for the Week	6,001	47,058	43,148
Do. from 1st Jan. to 12th Mar	213,005	423,411	416,678
Rapeseed for the Week	.....	14,753	5,471
Do. from 1st Jan to 12th Mar	122,555	342,749	80,011
Gingelly seed for the Week	10,301	37,386	28,824
Do. from 1st Jan to 12th Mar	383,959	409,543	415,194

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, MARCH 12.
10 p.m. ... ... 77·5
THURSDAY, MARCH 13.
6 a.m. ... ... 75·4
10 a.m. ... ... 80·4
2 p.m. ... ... 83·5
4 p.m. ... ... 82·8

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(*Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.*)
Price.—As. 4 per copy.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CHARRIOL—March 10, at 20, Garden Reach, the wife of Paul Charriol, of a daughter.
HARRIS—March 3, a "Melrose," Simla, the wife of Surgeon-Major A. Harris, Civil Surgeon, of a daughter.
O'DONNELL—February 24, at Cawnpore, the wife of Captain A. C. O'Donnell, 40th B. I, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

SHILLINGFORD—March 6, at Purneah, of fever, Edward Charles, fifth son of the late J. J. Shillingford, Esq, aged 32 years and 5 months.
VOWELL—February 15, at Lady Strangford's Hospital, Port Said, Eliza Beth Richards, wife of Christopher Henry Vowell, of the Bengal Civil Service.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1890.

YESTERDAY witnessed the departure from our shores of a Commander-in-Chief who during the three and a quarter years he has held office in this Presidency achieved a degree of popularity that had not been equalled since the days of Lord Napier of Magdala. To-day an officer assumes the command of the Bombay Army who brings with him a military reputation of the highest order, social gifts which do not always go hand in hand with the possession of high office, and a love of sport, which will at once result in reviving yachting, and in increasing the numbers of the Bombay Hunt. But though Sir George Greaves is one of the keenest sportsmen in India, he is a soldier first, as the blaze of decorations on his breast testify. These ribbons tell of arduous work in many a hard campaign; but they do not tell of the quiet part he has played in the re-organization of our army, or of days and nights of unremitting toil in combating the conservative traditions of the permanent officials of the War Office. Very early in his career Sir George earned a reputation for dash, decision, and determination as an executive Staff Officer. Sir Sidney Cotton at Peshawur and Sir Duncan Cameron in New Zealand both saw in the Adjutant of the 70th an officer destined to make his mark in the service. The fortune of war threw him out of the race for honours and rewards which were showered on men more fortunate, though not more sterling, than he, for services in the Crimea and the mutinies, and whilst many of his contemporaries were earning medals by shoals for the Eastern Campaign of 1854, Greaves was doing less glorious but equally solid work in the pacification of the Punjab frontier and in maintaining our grip on the Indus in the death struggle of 1857. New Zealand at last gave him his opportunity. The campaigns in that colony were the graves of many reputations. They made that of George Greaves, and when he returned to England a Brevet Lieutenant Colonel, he was appointed to the staff at the Horse Guards on the nomination of his late chief, Sir Duncan Cameron. There he was thrown into close companionship with an officer of about his own standing, but senior to him in rank, and possessed of a wider war experience, in the person of Colonel Sir Garnet Wolseley. The consequence of this was that on the organisation of the Ashantee expedition Lieutenant Colonel Greaves was one of the earliest and most certainly one of the ablest recruits in what was for some years known as the "Wolseley Gang." Evelyn Wood, Redvers Buller, and Henry Brackenbury were colleagues of Greaves during the campaign. Such a selection stamps Lord Wolseley as having a keen eye for a good man. Were he ordered on service to-morrow, those four names of his early Ashantee friends would be found as occupying high commands. Each one of them since then has proved his worth in war, and, what is still more rare, has shown himself possessed of high administrative ability in time of peace.

At the close of the Ashantee war, through which he served as chief of the Staff, and in which he earned his C. B., Colonel Greaves returned to the War Office, and was there for some years closely associated with those schemes of reform which have at last resulted in giving us an efficient army, small indeed though it be. A strict disciplinarian, he was one of the first men to insist on the abolition of corporal punishment. Though possessed of large private means he strongly disapproved of the Purchase System. Nurtured in the belief in the virtues of the "old soldier" he nevertheless fought with characteristic obstinacy for the introduction of short service; and brought up in a battalion which inherited numerical traditions he freely espoused the cause of territorial regiments. When Wolseley was removed in 1875 from the War to the India Office, Colonel Greaves was for a time the only champion of Army Reform in Pall Mall. Like the famous juryman who complained that he had never met eleven more obstinate men than those who failed to accept his views, but who finally succeeded in carrying his verdict, so did Greaves convince or convert all his opponents, and step by step old abuses were swept away, old anomalies removed, and a death-blow struck at the reign of antiquated fossildom. On the annexation of Cyprus, Sir Garnet Wolseley, who was appointed the first administrator, at once surrounded himself with his old Ashantee comrades and Colonel Greaves accompanied him as chief of the Staff. Soon it became evident that civil administration rather than an army of occupation was necessary, and the chief of the staff, to whom no work seems to come amiss, was made Chief Secretary to Government. For his services in the Island he was raised to the dignity of a K. C. M. G., but he fretted for military employment. Old friends were passing him by in the race for promotion. Evelyn Wood and Redvers Buller were reaping fresh laurels in Zululand, and Baker, an old New Zealand comrade, gaining high renown in Afghanistan, whilst he was beating out his life on the barren rocks of Cyprus. A chance came. The Adjutant Generalcy in India fell vacant, and on Sir Garret's strong recommendation Sir George Greaves was selected to succeed Sir Peter Lumsden in that important post. Some of his predecessors had been quite content to consider themselves the pegs on which all spare decorations should be hung. He threw himself heart and soul into his work, and in conjunction with the late Sir Charles Macgregor fully proved that the holders of the two most important staff offices in India were not necessarily pliant tools in the hands of their clerks. Possessed of untiring energy and an ever active brain, Sir George soon got a grip of his work, and ere he laid down office had completely upset the traditions which had reigned since the days of St. George Tucker. In 1885 he accompanied Sir Gerald Graham to Suakin as Chief of the Staff, and was the life and stay of the whole expeditionary force. Here he well earned his K. C. B., and on his return home was almost selected for the Quarter-Master Generalship at the Horse Guards. The Duke of Cambridge, however, had lively recollections of the staunch friendship that existed between Lord Wolseley and Sir George. One army reformer, he maintained, was enough at a time in Pall Mall, and to Sir George's keen delight he was appointed to the Meerut Command, which he has now held for nearly five years.

Though personally he has never served in this Presidency, the interests of the Bombay Army are not likely to suffer at the hands of Sir George Greaves. He may not come to the command with the "unbiassed opinion" claimed by his Royal predecessor, but at any rate he saw the 28th Bombay Infantry at Suakin, and had an ample opportunity of estimating the good qualities of that excellent Corps. It is not impossible that during Sir George Greaves' tenure of command, important changes may take place in the organization of the Bombay Army. Like Sir Frederick Roberts, our new Commander-in-Chief is a firm believer in the value of the martial races of India. The stalwart Poorbeah from Oude he knows to be inferior to the little Goorkha of Nepaul, and he does not measure a soldier's fighting standard by his inches, nor the war value of a regiment by its ability to march-past. Knowing every detail of his profession he expects every one else to be equally well informed, and the Staff Officer who cloaks his ignorance under an air of mystery has a sorry time when Sir George reveals his assumed administrative ability as merely crass stupidity. To the Press Sir George's accession to the command should be peculiarly welcome. He is one of those modern soldiers who firmly believe in the close alliance between the sword and the pen, and who openly states his opinion that no military reform is possible that has not the support of the Press. Nor can we pass unrecognized the courtesy, nay more than courtesy of the kindness shown by Sir George to members of the Fourth Estate in Ashantee Land and at Suakin. Some can call to mind the tender thoughtfulness which prompted him, the Chief of the Staff, the mainspring of the whole force, to throw off office cares, and regardless of the ever redundant work which devolved upon him to stand by the desert grave of a special correspondent to act as chief mourner to one who died as a stranger in a strange land. If for no greater act than this we should welcome Sir George Greaves to Bombay, but we welcome him as a good and true soldier, who, having gained high honour, will live to deserve yet higher ones.

THE question of the conviction of O'Hara, the soldier of the Leinster Regiment who was sentenced to death for the Dum Dum murder, seems to have caused much excitement in Calcutta, but there would have been greater occasion for excitement had the law taken its course, and the man been hanged, as he otherwise would have been, yesterday. The released convict is much more to be congratulated than the learned Judge who sentenced him. Mr. Justice Norris, when the case came for review of judgment before the full Court, had to make one or two admissions which are exceedingly creditable to his candour, but beyond that there is not much that can be said in his praise. The case for the prosecution rested in the main upon the evidence of two comrades of O'Hara, who accompanied him on the drunken lark in which an unhappy liquor-seller was shot, and who appear to have been as drunk as he was. How drunk they were the Judge only suspected when he learnt that it is the custom in Bengal to put datura in toddy to prevent it being tampered with. Whether the Court or those who defended the prisoner ought to have brought this fact to the notice of the jury is a question on which Judge and counsel do not seem to agree; but it was an unfortunate thing that the drunken condition of the prisoner seems to have been allowed to make more impression upon the jury than that of the witnesses on whose evidence he was all but hanged. The cardinal point on which controversy turned however related to the question whether the evidence of the men who were with O'Hara when the fatal shot was fired—the only evidence which connected him with the murder—was treated as the evidence of accomplices should be. It was not put before the jury as accomplices' evidence should be and with all the cautions as to credence which are necessary in the case of men who have escaped the risk of hanging. The Indian Evidence Act, in the illustrations to Section 114, permits the Court to presume that an accomplice is unworthy of credit unless he is corroborated in material particulars, that is to say, in matters directly connecting the prisoner with the offence. It does not follow that a conviction upon the evidence of an accomplice is necessarily illegal, but the practice which has grown up has in effect made corroboration essential. As a matter of fact such corroboration was not given, and the Judge nevertheless submitted the evidence to the jury as though it had been untainted evidence. The practical result of this failure to follow the usual course was admittedly important. Mr. Justice Norris, at an early stage in the argument, confessed that if he had taken the same view of the law as the prisoner's counsel, he should have charged the jury differently, the retort being that with a different charge there would have been a different verdict. The strength of the case for the prisoner, on the ground of procedure, is exhibited in the weakness of the reply that was made on behalf of the Crown. On that side there seems to have been no more confident contention than that it was not a question of law but of common sense, and that a jury of practical Calcutta business men might safely be left to deal with the case. This was exceedingly unsatisfactory. We have been told in Bombay lately that law must not be divorced from common sense. It is at least as important that common sense should not be divorced from law, Mr. Justice Norris seems to have forgotten that, when, excusing the admission of a statement of doubtful admissibility, he said that though it may have been an error in law it did not prejudice the jury. This is a slipshod way of administering justice, and it is calamitous when such easy-going doctrine is preached from the bench. The Judge has on second thoughts taken a graver view of his duty and has candidly admitted that he was in the wrong. During the proceedings in the full Court on Tuesday he said:—"A more careful consideration of the facts in this case has satisfied me that I ought to have told the jury that Gouldsborough was an accomplice, and there can be no doubt—there is no doubt whatever in my mind—that my misdirection must have seriously prejudiced the prisoner. I also agree that I ought not to have referred in the way I did concerning the statements made by Macdermott and Gouldsborough before the Cantonment Magistrate." A Judge who has thus to revise his judgment places himself in a very unsatisfactory position, the discomforts of which we are not disposed to aggravate by congratulating O'Hara upon his fortuitous escape from the fate to which he had been consigned.

THE Government, following a convenient tradition, have conferred the seat in the Legislative Council vacated by Sir Frank Forbes Adam upon his successor in the chairmanship of the Chamber of Commerce. The choice of Mr. A. F. Beaufort will be regarded as in all respects a good one. He is an able and energetic man of business, who election to the chair of the Chamber of Commerce was looked upon at the time as the best that could be made, and no one doubts that he will fill his place in Council with credit to himself and with advantage to the public. Mr. M. G. Ranade, who takes the place vacated by Mr. Nulkar's selection for the Supreme Legislative Council, is one of the ablest of the native official class. He has served Government in many responsible capacities, is a man of broad culture, and of large knowledge of social and economic problems. He served with distinction on the Finance Committee, and his minute, which appears in the proceedings of that body, is a very able document, which marks him out as a keen critic of provincial finance in the coming days when the Provincial Budgets will be laid before the enlarged Councils. Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik succeeds Mr. Bechardas Viharidas as the Guzerat Additional Member of Council.

THERE is no doubt that whether influenza be with us or not, Bombay is passing just now through a period of phenomenal unhealthiness. It is very cool for March, and for people in health the season is pleasant enough. But the mortality returns show that there are many people who are not in health. Last week the death-rate was as high as 38·45 per mille per annum, as compared with 23·47 in the corresponding week last year, the average of the past five years being 27·50. The deaths from fever were 267, or nearly double the average, and those from diseases of the respiratory organs numbered 125. The mills and industrial establishments still feel the effects of the prevailing sickness, though the number of absent

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

THE PRINCE OF WALES' VISIT TO GERMANY.

LONDON, MARCH 13.

His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales starts for Berlin on the 19th inst. on a visit to the Emperor William, and will remain for a week.

THE INDIAN COUNCILS BILL.

LIBERAL INTENTIONS.

It is stated that the Liberal party will attempt to alter the Indian Councils Bill, whilst before the House of Commons, by introducing the representative element.

THURSDAY, EVENING.

Lord Cross has accepted a clause empowering new Councils to deal with legislation passed before the Councils were created.

The Bill passed through Committee.

THE MORFA COLLIERY EXPLOSION.

AN UNLOCKED LAMP.

An unlocked lamp, found beside a miner's body in the Morfa pit, is held to explain the origin of the catastrophe.

THE GERMAN LABOUR CONFERENCE.

THE ENGLISH DELEGATES.

LONDON, MARCH 13.

Sir John Gorst and Sir W. H. Houldsworth have been appointed delegates to represent England at the forthcoming Labour Conference at Berlin.

BISHOP LIGHTFOOT'S SUCCESSOR.

The Rev. Canon Foss Brooke Westcott, M.A., Regius Professor of Divinity at Cambridge, has been appointed Bishop of Durham in succession to the late Dr. Lightfoot.

INFLUENZA IN PERSIA.

Seventy deaths daily are reported to result from influenza in Teheran.

Several members of the Shah's household are suffering.

ANTICIPATED REVOLT IN CRETE.

The Cretan Refugees are returning; a revolt is considered imminent.

SIR H. C. ELPHINSTONE DROWNED.

Major-General Sir Howard Crawford Elphinstone, V. C., has been drowned whilst a voyage off Teneriffe.

FURTHER REDUCTION OF THE BANK RATE.

The Bank rate has to-day been reduced to four per cent.

OBITUARY.

General Bailey is dead.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE LABOUR CONFERENCE.

LONDON, MARCH 13.

Sir John Gorst will represent England at the Labour Conference in Berlin, and will be assisted by Sir William Boulds, Mr. Burnett of the Board of Trade, and Mr. David Dale of Darlington.

THE COMPANIONSHIP OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says that Sir Henry Parkes and Sir James Stairs will receive the companionship of St. Michael and St. George.

LORD GEORGE HAMILTON ON NAVAL ESTIMATES.

Lord George Hamilton, in explanation of the Naval Estimates, says that no funds are yet allotted for the new dock at Bombay though Sir John Coote had prepared the plans.

PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR'S JOURNEY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MEHSANA, THURSDAY EVENING.

Prince Albert Victor passed through this station *en route* for Baroda this afternoon. His Royal Highness looked well.

Mr. Dalal, the Subha of the Kadi Division, presented the Prince with a bouquet on behalf of the Baroda authorities.

PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR AT PALANPUR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

PALANPUR, MARCH 13.

Prince Albert Victor passed through Palanpur to-day. His Highness the Diwan and his little Prince were presented to his Royal Highness by Colonel Nutt, and in a pleasant interview his Royal Highness expressed his regret at being unable from press of time to accept the Diwan's kind invitation to shikar. In view of his Royal Highness's lion-shooting trip, the Gir Forest Station has been tastefully decorated.

Salutes of 31 guns on the arrival and departure were fired.

Crowds of persons, eager to catch a glimpse of the Prince, were present at the station.

PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR AT BARODA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, MARCH 13.

H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor of Wales arrived at Baroda at 7 p.m. this evening, accompanied by Sir E. Bradford and suite. His Royal Highness, who seemed none the worse for his long journey, was received at the station by H. H. the Gaekwar, the Resident, and the principal State officials. A guard-of-honour of the 5th Bombay Infantry was drawn up inside the station. After a brief interview his Royal Highness drove to the Residency.

THE CONSULTING ENGINEER OF RAILWAYS ON TOUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 13.

Mr. O'Callaghan, Consulting Engineer of Railways, proceeds shortly on a tour to Assam.

THE UMBALLA COMMAND.

Colonel A. A. Kinloch, King's Royal Rifles, officiates for General Galbraith, in command of the Umballa District.

PRINCE VICTOR'S SHOOTING TOUR.

The concluding two days of the Prince's tour in the Terai were highly successful, the bag being a tiger, 5 panthers, 2 bears, and a quantity of deer and small game.

THE SIKKIM-TIBET NEGOTIATIONS.

One great difficulty which has caused delay in closing the Sikkim-Tibet affair has lain in the necessity for drafting the Treaty in Chinese.

THE MADRAS SURGEON-GENERAL.

Deputy Surgeon-General Farquhar probably succeeds Dr. Bidie as Surgeon-General, Madras.

DEPARTURE OF THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT.

THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES the Duke and Duchess of Connaught left us yesterday. Last night the steam-ship Kaiser-i-Hind sailed out of Bombay Harbour, carrying from our midst a Prince and Princess, who during the brief space of three and a half years his Royal Highness has been Commander-in-Chief of the Bombay Army, have endeared themselves to all with whom they have come in contact, European and Native, soldier and civilian alike. At a quarter-past six o'clock last night just as the sun was setting behind Malabar Hill and leaving the city in darkness, the Kaiser-i-Hind steamed off with her Royal freight, casting, like the darkness of night upon the city, a gloom over the large and brilliant throng which had assembled to bid their Royal Highnesses adieu, and wish them *bon voyage*. The preparations made for the departure of the Duke and Duchess were not of a very elaborate character. Unlike when they arrived, there were no brilliantly elaborate decorations; such would have been out of keeping with an event which had been looked forward to with regret. But the crowds of people who assembled along the route between the Cooperage and the Apollo Bunder, the brilliant assemblage on the Bunder itself, and their demonstrative cordial greetings, amply testified to the affection in which their Royal Highnesses were held in the hearts of all Bombay people. During the last week, from the day in fact their Royal Highnesses arrived in Bombay from Poona, they have been invited, every day and every evening, to entertainments given in their honour. At none was the sight so pleasing and affecting as the Commander-in-Chief's Farewell to the Garrison at Colaba last Saturday evening, when the soldiers in a body rushed to the gates, and raised three lusty cheers for the Duke and Duchess as they drove off. It was pleasing to note when their Royal Highnesses arrived at the Bunder last evening that the Duke was looking well, though it was apparent that both he and the Duchess were deeply moved at parting from so many devoted friends.

DEPARTURE FROM THE COOPERAGE.

About 5-15 p.m., the Duke and Duchess, with Captain Herbert and Captain Ferguson, Aides-de-Camp, occupying one carriage—while Colonel and Mrs. Cavaye, with Colonel Becher, were in another, which closely followed it—drove out of the Cooperage enclosure into the Mayo Road; and, passing by the Secretariat, the University Buildings, and the High Court, came up to the junction of Mayo Road with the Church Gate Street Road, where Colonel Wilson, the Commissioner of Police, was on duty with some of his police sowars on horseback. Here the Royal party came in view of the first massed crowd of sight-seers, who greeted them with hearty cheers, which were repeated from one end to the other. Further on, at the Frere Fountain, a large concourse of spectators, who occupied the footpaths, lustily cheered their Royal Highnesses until the carriages had passed well out of sight. From Treacher's building to the National Bank, the windows and galleries were filled with spectators, many of whom were European and Native ladies who cheered their Royal Highnesses most heartily, receiving in return their grateful acknowledgments. The scene in and around the buildings above mentioned, was one of intense interest and excitement, and must have greatly pleased the Royal party, especially at the cordial farewell which found expression in cheers which were repeated to the echo from one end of the street to the other. The Poona Horse, which had specially been brought to Bombay for the occasion, rode in the front and rear of the Royal party's carriages, presenting an imposing spectacular effect. After a short break along the University Gardens, as the carriages drew up to the Esplanade Hotel passing along the Prince of Wales's equestrian statue, the Municipal Offices, the Mechanics' Institute, and the Elphinstone College, the galleries and windows of which were thronged by dense masses of spectators, the Royal party received another ovation of good wishes and parting greetings, and all these were unceasingly acknowledged by both the Duke and the Duchess. The crowds on the footpaths at the Esplanade Hotel, though large, were orderly and enthusiastic. At the Wellington Fountain and near the Royal Alfred Sailors' Home, again, the scene was, perhaps, more exciting and interesting than at any other point of the route. Men, women, and children, on foot and in carriages, swarmed up in all directions, leaving a bare passage for carriages; and as the Royal party came in sight, sent up round after round of cheers, which were repeated on all sides until the carriage had driven fairly up the Apollo Bunder past the Sirdar's Mansions, the windows and balconies of which were taken possession of by a large number of European ladies and gentlemen, who joined in the farewell greetings to their Royal Highnesses. The men of the Marine Battalion and the 12th Regiment N. I., in their uniform, but without arms, and the men of the 4th Rifles in plain dress, had received permission to come and witness the departure, and contributed their share to the farewell greetings to the Royal party.

DECORATIONS ALONG THE RQUTE.

We have little to chronicle in the way of decorations along the route taken by their Royal Highnesses from the Cooperage to the Apollo Bunder. Several of the establishments displayed flags. In Hornby Road the Royal Standard waved majestically at the premises of the Bombay Club, as did the Union Jack at the establishment of Messrs. Soundy and Company. The establishments of Mrs. Taylor, Messrs. Lund, Blockley, and Carter, Messrs. Phillips and Company, Messrs. Bolton and Company, and Messrs. Marcks and Company displayed flags.

From the Post Office to the Bunder the roads were lined with police at intervals of 30 yards. Traffic along the route was stopped at 5-15 p.m. The police arrangements at the Bunder were in charge of Superintendents Crummy and Brewin, assisted by a number of European and Native police officers. Superintendent Page, with his European assistants, kept the course clear between the Bunder and the P. and O. s. s. Kaiser-i-hind, with their steam launch and a number of other police boats. At the special request of the Duke no troops lined the roads between the Bunder and the Post Office.

SCENE AT THE BUNDER.

The arrangements at the Bunder need little describing. They were much the same as the preparations made for the arrival of H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor of Wales. At the Bunder Head was a white pendal for the accommodation of the ladies and gentlemen who were present at the departure. A long passage carpetted in red, and along which the Royal party passed on their way to the launch, divided the pendal into two sections, which in turn were divided into sub-sections. Towards the centre of the pendal a space was allotted to the Members of the Municipal Corporation, a desk being placed there for the President to read the address. To the left was an enclosure for the various heads of departments, the officers of Government, and the general guests, while on the right stood the Foreign Consuls, Native Chiefs, and others; and the last enclosure, the largest of all, was provided for the guard-of-honour. The centre of the pendal was decorated with a domed roof, the scheme of colouring being maroon, garnished with old gold. The pillars on either side of the passage were decorated in like manner, while about half-way up were fixed ornamental shields, surmounted with trophies of flags, curtains of maroon velvet, fringed with old gold hanging from the roof from pillar to pillar. The bases of the pillars were set in clumps of shrubbery which lent a pleasantly cool appearance to the place, and also formed a delightful contrast to the glaring colours of the draperies and flags. The exterior view was sufficiently gay. Banners held aloft on tall masts surmounted the shamiana, over the entrance stood the Royal Arms, and right along the road as far as the Sailors' Home the multi-coloured bannerets floated from Venetian masts, which lined the street on either side.

It was announced that at half-past five their Royal Highnesses would leave the Bunder for the mail steamer; but fully an hour before that the people began to assemble in the shamiana. At a quarter to five H. E. the Governor's Body Guard rode on to the Bunder, and lined the carriage way. They were immediately followed by a detachment of a hundred men of the 2nd Gloster Regiment, who with bayonets fixed and headed by their Band playing spirited martial music, marched to the enclosure set apart for them to form the guard-of-honour. The pendal now began to fill in earnest. Those to whom invitations had been sent were warned that no carriages would be permitted to approach after a quarter-past five; but when five o'clock struck every seat, every available corner of standing-room under the shamiana was occupied. At a quarter-past five the Government House carriage, bearing T. E. Lord and Lady Reay, who were accompanied by Captain Phayre and Mr. Edgerly, Private Secretary to the Governor, drove up, and were received by Admiral Fremantle, Sir Raymond West, and Mr. Nugent, who had arrived a short time previously. After shaking hands they stood at the entrance talking, to await the arrival of their Royal Highnesses. They had not long to wait, for about five minutes later the sound of cheering was heard in the distance. Those assembled on the Bunder took it for granted that the Royal party was approaching, and presently, from the centre of the pendal, the head-dresses of the Poona Horse who formed the escort to their Royal Highnesses could be seen beyond the crowd as they rode up. At the entrance to the pendal, the Duke and Duchess were received by T. E. Lord and Lady Reay, with whom they shook hands on alighting from their carriage. Their Royal Highnesses also shook hands cordially with Admiral Fremantle, Sir Raymond West, and other gentlemen present. Escorted by Colonel Cavaye and Colonel Becher their Royal Highnesses proceeded slowly down the passage, graciously shaking hands, and bidding good-bye to numerous friends on either side, her Royal Highness being pleased to accept a beautiful bouquet of white flowers, garnished with streamers of ribbon in the Prussian colours, from the hands of Madame Breul. It was altogether a touching spectacle; their Royal Highnesses walking slowly, evidently anxious not to miss the opportunity of bidding good-bye to any of the friends with whom they were more intimately acquainted, giving little tokens by way of keepsakes to a few chosen ones, and silently shaking hands as if loath to leave the land, and the people they had learned to love so well.

Among those present at the Bunder were:—Lord and Lady Reay, Admiral Sir E. and Lady Fremantle, Lady Sassoon, Sir Charles Sargent, Chief Justice, Sir Asman Jah, the Hon'ble J. B. Richey, C.S.I., the Hon'ble Sir Raymond West, Sir George Greaves, Commander-in-Chief, and Staff, Mr. Justice Bayley, Mr. Justice Scott, Mr. Justice Birdwood, Mr. Justice Jardine, Mr. Justice Parsons, Mr. Justice K. T. Telang, the Hon. T. D. Little, the Hon. R. M. Sayani, the Hon. A. F. Beaufort, the Hon Javerilal U. Yajnik, the Hon. N. N. Wadia, the Hon. Sir Frank Forbes Adam, the Rajah of Akulcote, the Thakore of Wadhwan, the Nawab of Zanzibar, the Nawab of Radhanpore, Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., C.S.I., C.I.E., Prince Samatsingjee, the Chief of Ichalkaranj, the Chief of Vishalghur, the Thakore of Gondal, the Chief of Bhore, the Chief of Luktar, the French Consul, the Turkish Consul, the Persian Consul General, the Austrian Consul, the German Consul, the Portuguese Consul, the Italian Consul, General Gillespie, General Pottinger, General Sir John MacNeill, Major General J. White, General Knowles, General Budgen, Surgeon General Webb, Major General Hogg, General G. F. Beville, Surgeon General Pinkerton, Brigadier-General Sanford, Colonel Luckhardt, Colonel Strong, Colonel Jopp, Colonel Wilson, Colonel Wodehouse, Colonel Rawlins, Deputy Surgeon-General Cates, Colonel Greig, Colonel Pemberton, Major J. Humfrey, Colonel Collingwood, Colonel Maitland, Major Bissett, C.I.E., Captain the Hon. A. Curzon, Commanding the Boadicea, Colonel Pearse, Colonel Jackson, C.I.E., Major Forjett, Major Lund, Commanding, 1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Volunteers; Major Roughton, Commanding Bombay V.A; Lieut. Alderson, Flag Lieutenant; Captain F A Little, Commanding Bombay Light Horse, Captains Forbes, Phayre, and Pinney, Aides-de-Camp to his Excellency the Governor; Colonel Hughes, Colonel Cunningham, Colonel Brown, Major Nuthall, Major Lloyd, Major Curtin, Major Sawyer, Captain Steele, Captain Bode, Major Daniel, Captain Rosseter, Captain Currey, Messrs. J. Nugent, J. Moore, J. Monteath, J. J. Heaton, C. P. Cooper, A. F. Cox, Grattan Geary, President of the Municipal Corporation; E. C. K. Ollivant, Municipal Commissioner; H. W. Barrow, Municipal Secretary; C. F. M. Grant, T. D. Mackenzie, W. C. Hughes, Secretary to Government; W. E. Hart, Professor Oxenham, Messrs. S. D. Sassoon, A. M. Gubbay, John Marshall, Sheriff of Bombay; H. M. Phipson, W. H. Hussey, Harold R. King, A. Breul, J. K. Spence, T. M. Filgate, the Hon. A. N. Curzon, Mr. S. W. Edgerley, Surgeon-Major Irving; Messrs. W. Bradshaw, A. Steven, extra Aide-de-Camp to Sir Asman Jah; J. P. Baird, Alfred King, J. W. Orr, E. Vander Straaten, the Rev. D. Mackichan, the Rev. Goldwyer Lewis, Messrs. A. K. Oliver, C. E. Fox, W. P. Symonds, Allan F. Turner, Dosabhoy Framjee, C.S.I., Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk, Nawab Afsar Jung Bahadoor, Messrs. D. N. Chinoy, Furdoonjee Jamsetjee, Khan Bahadoor Hoshung Jamasp Dustoor, Messrs. Y. M. Kelkar, P. M. Mehta, Rao Saheb Raste, Messrs. Damodhar Thakersey Mooljee, Ahmedbhoy Hubibbhoy, Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Vundravundas Purshotumdas, Shivjee Dhurmajee, Anandrao N. Wasudeo, Eduljee R. Reporter, Jehangirsha E. Kohiyar, R. D. Setna, Fazulbhoy Visram, F. R. Vicajee, Amirudin Tyebjee, K. N. Kabrajee, Rai Bahadoor Luchman Singh, Dr. Furdoonjee B. Servai, Dr. Atmaram Pandurang, Dr. Cowasjee Hormasjee, Dr. Gerson Da Cunha, &c. and most of the Members of the Municipal Corporation were also present.

PRESENTATION OF ADDRESS.

Having reached the enclosure where were assembled the members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, his Royal Highness shook hands with Mr. Grattan Geary, the President, who read the following address of farewell on behalf of himself and his fellow-members:—

To LIEUTENANT-GENERAL HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS ARTHUR WILLIAM PATRICK ALBERT, DUKE OF CONNAUGHT, EARL OF SUSSEX, DUKE OF SAXONY, PRINCE OF SAXE-COBURG AND GOTHA, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., C.B., A.D.C.

May it Please your Royal Highness,—We, the President and Members of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay, are present to bid your Royal Highness and her Royal Highness the Duchess of Connaught a regretful farewell.

Nearly seven years have elapsed since, standing on this spot, we ventured to express the hope that the sojourn in India of your Royal Highness and of her Royal Highness, your devoted consort, would prove a source of new happiness to you both, and that you would find in the affection and regard of all sections of her Gracious Majesty's loyal subjects in this country, some compensation for your prolonged absence from Europe. It is not presumptuous to say that this heartfelt desire has been fully realised. Your Royal Highnesses have evoked the affectionate loyalty of all classes who have been the witnesses of your devotion to the public weal, and have experienced your Royal Highness's unfailing courtesy and kindly participation in all their interests.

As Commander-in-Chief of the Bombay Army your Royal Highness has laboured to promote the comfort and well-being of the officers and soldiers under your command. The defences of Bombay and of Aden have been your especial care. The new fortifications of the island and harbour, which are necessary for the security of Bombay from menace or attack, have been constructed under your Royal Highness's watchful supervision. In the midst of many pre-occupations, your Royal Highness has given personal attention to the most remote stations; and, undeterred by distance and discomfort or treacherous climate, has visited not only Aden but the Somali Coast.

In the Legislative Council, your Royal Highness took part in the labours that attended the elaboration of the New Municipal Act under which this Corporation now administers the affairs of a population of upwards of 900,000 souls who enjoy peace and prosperity under the mild and just rule of her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress. Your Royal Highness has taken an active interest in all that affects the happiness and the progress of this city, and the social welfare of all classes of the community.

Your Royal Highness has been able to give useful assistance in the consideration of the plans for providing for the expansion of Bombay, and you have accorded your approval and support to the removal of the Native Infantry Lines from their present inconvenient situation near the business centre of the City, to Colaba, a measure which will equally benefit the Regiments stationed in Bombay, and the general public.

Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Connaught has likewise given an untiring co-operatoin in works of beneficence for the alleviation of suffering in the city and Presidency of Bombay. In bidding farewell to your Royal Highness and to her Royal Highness the Duchess of Connaught, we venture to express our heartfelt wishes for the unclouded happiness of your Royal Highnesses in the brilliant Court to which you now return.

(SIGNED) GRATTAN GEARY, President; H. WYNFORD BARROW, Municipal Secretary; COWASJEE HORMASJEE, G.G.M.C., JAVERILAL U. YAJNIK, and FAZULBHOY VISRAM, Members of the Standing Committee of the said Corporation.

The address having been folded up, was placed in its silver casket, and handed over to his Royal Highness.

THE DUKE'S REPLY.

His Royal Highness, in reply, said:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay,—I am deeply sensible of the very kind words that have just fallen from your lips. I thank you for the very cordial manner in which you have referred to her Royal Highness the Duchess and myself, and to our stay amongst you. I little thought when I landed here six and a half years ago that it would be my good fortune to be appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Bombay Army, and in that way to become personally associated with this very thriving, very advanced Presidency. It has been a source of the greatest satisfaction to me to have been connected not only with an army which has a good history, and which has done much good work for the Empire; but also with a Government which has advanced with the times, and has always placed itself at the head of any movement for the benefit of the people of this Presidency. It has been a source of satisfaction to me that in this business, I have been associated with so enlightened a statesman as Lord Reay. I can assure you, gentlemen, that serving as I have done under him it has been a great satisfaction to have been able to be of any help, however small, to his Excellency. With regard to the Bombay Army I have more than once expressed my respect and esteem for it; and I am certain that in the distinguished officer who has now succeeded me, it will flourish and improve in efficiency and physique. I thank you one and all again for the constant cordiality that I have met with at the hands of the whole population, not only of your splendid city of Bombay, but in Poona and in all parts of the Deccan. I wish you all heartily farewell, and I thank you for the great kindness that you have always shown me. (Applause.)

DEPARTURE FOR THE KAISER-I-HIND.

This ceremony over, their Royal Highnesses continued their walk towards the Bunder steps followed in procession by Admiral Fremantle and Staff, General Greaves and his Staff, the Chief Justice of Bombay, the Lord Bishop of Bombay, the Members of Council, the Judges of the High Court, the Additional Members of the Council of his Excellency the Governor for making Laws and Regulations, the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay, the Secretaries to Government, the Brigadier-General Commanding the Bombay District, the Director of the Indian Marine, the President of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, the Private Secretary and Staff of his Excellency the Governor, the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay, the Sheriff of Bombay, the Chairman of the Standing Committee, the Under-Secretaries to Government, and Heads of Department, Civil and Military. On reaching the pier head the signal was given that their Royal Highnesses were about to step on board, and a Royal salute of thirty-one guns was fired from the land battery.

But still they lingered, bidding numerous adieux, and the guns had ceased firing ere, accompanied by Lord and Lady Reay, Captains Forbes and Phayre, Captain Hext, and members of the Duke's Staff who remain behind in Bombay, their Royal Highnesses stepped from the Bunder into the Government launch "Bee," provided by Captain Hext to convey them on board the Kaiser-i-Hind. As the launch steamed off, three cheers were called for by Sir George Greaves for their Royal Highnesses, but although the call was responded to it was not the hearty cheer one might have heard or has been accustomed to hear on other occasions, clearly showing the feelings of sadness which pervaded the assembly. The launch was followed with many eyes till the steamship was reached, and many handkerchiefs fluttered a last adieu. As the launch made its way out to the Kaiser-i-Hind the Boadicea fired a Royal salute of thirty-one guns and the men of that vessel and other war-ships in the harbour which were decorated from stem to stern with flags, manned the yards and cheered. About a quarter-past six the Kaiser-i-Hind weighed anchor, and putting her bow seawards sailed off. Still the crowd lingered on the Bunder eagerly gazing after the departing steamer until it disappeared in the distance, and into the deepening gloom of night.

BOMBAY AMATEURS AT THE NOVELTY.

THE Bombay Amateur Dramatic Society deserve much credit for their pluck in undertaking Gilbert and Sullivan's opera, "The Yeomen of the Guard," which is to be played to-night and on Monday and Tuesday, in aid of the funds of the European General Hospital and the Foundling Hospital. They deserve all praise, for "The Yeomen of the Guard" is undoubtedly the heaviest opera the distinguished collaborateurs have yet given to the world. Those who put in an appearance at the Novelty to-night, however, may expect a treat. There was a dress rehearsal at the theatre last night, when the opera went from beginning to end with remarkable smoothness, which was very much due to the excellent stage management of Mr. E. Ferrers Nicholson, who impersonates the character of Shadbolt, the assistant tormentor. The following is the cast:—

Sir Richard Cholmondeley, (Lieut. of the Tower)	Mr. Steuart.
Col. Fairfax (under sentence of death)	Mr. Reddie.
Sergeant Meryll (of the Yeomen of the Guard)	Mr. Dallas Brooks.
Leonard Meryll (his son)	Mr. Measor.
Jack Point (a strolling Jester)	Mr. Craig.
Wilfred Shadbolt (Head Jailor and Assistant Tormentor)	Mr. E. Ferrers Nicholsen.
Corporal of Yeomen	Mr. Doherty.
First Citizen	Mr. Dennys.
Elsie Maynard (a strolling Singer)	Mrs. Walker.
Phœbe Meryll (Sergeant Meryll's Niece)	Mrs. Adams.
Dame Carruthers (House-keeper to the Tower)	Mrs. Macbeth.
Kate (her Niece)	Mrs Turner.

The dresses, which have been made by Messrs. Southwell and Austin, are very pretty, much artistic taste having been displayed in the blending of the colours.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA ATHLETIC SPORTS.

THESE will commence this afternoon at 5 o'clock, and will be continued to-morrow (Saturday) at 4-30, on the ground behind the Marine Lines. In another column we detail the entries for to-day's sport. One enclosure for which red tickets have been issued, will be confined to the members of the Gymkhana and subscribers. The nearest approach for carriages will be from the Marine Line Road, opposite the bungalow of the District Staff Officer, Captain L. L. Steele. Non-ticket-holders will find seats in another enclosure, for which blue tickets may be purchased on the spot for one rupee. The following is to-day's programme:—

5 p.m.—100 yards Race—C F Levick, A Peterkin, J H Vanderzee, K S Dunsterville and H S Jacob.

5-15—Throwing the Cricket Ball—C. St Paul, F J Clark A E Barton, and A E Searle.

5-30—Wide Jump—C F Levick, D J Muirhead, K S Dunsterville, H R Cobbold, and H M Stewart.

5-45—120 yards Hurdle Race—A Peterkin, C F Levick, and K S Dunsterville.

6—Putting the Shot—A. Peterkin, and F. J. Clark.

6-15—Steeplechase—C St Paul, J H Vanderzee, H R Cobbold, and K S Dunsterville.

We are asked to announce that members and subscribers' tickets admit any lady friends to the Gymkhana enclosure, where tea and ices will be provided. Any members or subscribers who have not received tickets, may have them gratis on application to the Joint Honorary Secretaries or Mr. Pestonjee, Bombay Gymkhana.

THE NEW COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

THE following Proclamation was issued in a *Government Gazette Extraordinary* last evening:—

Bombay Castle, 13th March, 1890.

Lieutenant-General Sir George Greaves K. C. B., K. C. M. C., Commander-in-Chief of the Bombay Army, has, under the usual salute, taken upon himself the execution of his office as Second Member of the Council of this Presidency, in pursuance of his appointment by her Majesty the Queen and Empress of India.

By Order,
J. NUGENT,
Chief Secretary to Government.

ADDRESS TO SIR FRANK FORBES ADAM.

A LARGE meeting of the piece-goods merchants of Bombay was held at Memonwada last night in order to present Sir Frank Forbes Adam with an address and a beautifully-chased silver Cutch tea-set. At about half-past nine o'clock Sir Frank and Lady Adam, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Campbell, arrived at the Native Piece-Goods Association Hall, where he was met by Mr. Damodhar Thakersey Mooljee, and was received with enthusiasm by the assembled piece-goods merchants. On the company being seated Mr. Damodher Thakersey Mooljee, after a few words of introduction, read the following address:—

TO THE HON'BLE SIR FRANK FORBES ADAM, KT., C. I. E.

Dear Sir,—In view of your approaching departure from these shores, we, the Chairman and Members of the Bombay Native Piece-Goods Merchants' Association, feel it our duty to give written expression to our deep gratitude for the uniform courtesy you have shown towards us, the invariable justice with which you have treated us, and the unceasing interest you have taken in the well-being of the native mercantile community, in your capacity as head of the leading firm of Messrs. W. & A. Graham & Co. and as Chairman of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce. On one particular point we are especially anxious to publicly record our gratitude, and that is the very cordial support you gave us in inducing the Bombay Chamber of Commerce to accede to our reasonable request to be allowed to nominate our own members along with European merchants in surveys. (Applause) This is a very signal service done by you to the Bombay Native Piece-Goods Merchants' Association, and shows in the most distinct manner possible your anxiety to do justice without distinction of colour or creed. The settlement of the Freight Contract between the combined Liners and ourselves in a friendly manner and on a fair basis was possible owing to our complete reliance in your sense of justice and to the confidence we have always felt that you will not be a party to anything that may not be in the permanent interests of both the parties concerned. We trust that your departure from us will not in any degree lessen the interest you have always taken in our Association during your Indian career. We are much pleased at the bestowal upon you of the honour of Knighthood by her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress in recognition of your distinguished services to the public. May you be long spared to enjoy the honour! As a memento of the cordial relations that have always existed between you and us, we request you and Lady Forbes Adam to accept the accompanying silver tea-set, and wishing you both and your children a pleasant voyage and increased prosperity in your own country. (Applause.)

Sir Frank in reply thanked the Members of the Association in eloquent terms for their expressions of good will. He dwelt at length on the relations existing between European merchants on the one hand and the Association on the other, and advocated at all times a policy of give and take as most likely to lead to a continuance of feelings of confidence and mutual trust which he considered it was important in the interests of Bombay trade should always be preserved. He urged the Members of the Association to take a constant interest in all matters affecting the welfare of their particular commerce to attend meetings regularly, discuss in a practical business-like way, and adhere to their resolutions. He pointed out how indispensable it was that funds should be forthcoming for expenses connected with their Association and that subscriptions should be regularly paid. Sir Frank also spoke on general subjects connected with the interests of the Association, and concluded by bidding the members farewell and accepting in his own name and that of Lady Forbes Adam their handsome gift which, he said, would be treasured as a *souvenir* of old friends. (Applause.)

The address, which was very tastefully illuminated and enclosed in an elegant silver Cutch-work casket, was then presented to Sir Frank Adam, and flowers and garlands having been distributed, the proceedings terminated, the guests of the evening being loudly cheered as they drove off.

The following, among other, gentlemen were present:—Damodhar Thackersee Mooljee, Damodhar Goculdas, Mowjee Premjee Tulsidas, Jairam Narayenjee, Lukmidas Bhimjee Rowjee, Jugjevan Goomdjee, Megjee Hemraj, Damodhar Culianjee, Tricumdas Purshotum, Virjee Rowjee, Govardhundas Ruttunsee, Jaitha Valjee, Ruttonsee Kanjee, Jamnadas Hari, Kalidas Dharamsey, and Ragunathjee Tarachund.

WESLEYAN MILITARY AND NAVAL CHURCH.

THIS evening at half-past five her Excellency Lady Reay is to lay the foundation-stone of the Wesleyan Military and Naval Church and the Colaba High School on the site given by Government for that purpose on the Colaba Causeway, directly north of the Tramway Offices, and near the Apollo Bunder. The preparations for this event have been proceeding rapidly during the last few days, so that the site now presents a very picturesque appearance, with the shamianahs, dais, flags, &c. As the mail will have already left and the site is so near to the resort of everybody on Friday evenings, and especially as this will be the last occasion on which her Excellency will perform such a ceremony in India, the attendance should be large. His Excellency the Governor had promised to deliver an address after the stone has been laid, and after a collection has been taken on behalf of this very deserving cause, the Brigadier-General Commanding the District, W. T. Budgen, D. S. O., and Captain the Hon. A. G. Curzon-Howe, commanding H. M.'s Flagship Boadicea, will move and second a vote of thanks to her Excellency on behalf of the men of the Services, for whose benefit the proposed church is, in large measure, to be erected.

MILITARY NEWS.

SURGEON W. P. CARSON, M.B., in medical charge, Bombay Grenadiers, has been allowed furlough for one year, on private affairs.

LIEUT. R. D. BROOME, S.C., having completed the requisite service, is promoted Captain.

MAJOR H. B. TERNAN, S.C., 12th Bombay Infantry, has been granted a year's leave.

SURGEON-MAJOR R. CALDECOTT, I.M.S., Central India Horse; and Lieutenant C. W. F. Whyte, S.C., have been permitted to return to duty.

BRIGADE-SURGEON I. B. LYON, C.I.E., has been granted on extension of leave for six months, on medical certificate; Major H. P. Young, S.C., three months, on medical certificate; and Sub-Conductor Ford, Ordnance Department, six months, on medical certificate.

COLONEL J. PHILIPS, S.C., has been permitted to reside out of India.

CONDUCTOR LEGAT, O.D., has been allowed furlough to Europe for twelve months.

MAJOR J. N. S. KIRKWOOD, S.C., has been granted leave for one year.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, March 13.—The barometer has fallen fast in Assam; elsewhere changes are moderate or slight and generally downward. Pressure relatively is high over north-western India, and low over Assam and north Bengal. Calms and variable breezes prevail in the Punjab; north-westerly to westerly winds down the Gangetic Plain and across Bengal, and strong south-westerly currents at the head of the Bay. Elsewhere directions are variable. Temperature has risen, except west of North-West Provinces and Central India. The mean is below the normal in those two provinces, and about the normal elsewhere. Rain has fallen in lower Bengal, Assam, and Colombo. Weather is rather cloudy, except in the south-west of the Peninsula. The weather promises to be fair, except in Assam and the neighbourhood.

MR. T. S. HAMILTON has been appointed to act as Judge and Sessions Judge of Nasik during the absence of Mr. M. B. Baker.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A MEETING of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held at the Municipal Offices, Mr. Grattan Geary, in the chair. The following members were also present:—Mr Messrs. Abdulla Meheralli Dharamsi, J. S. Alston, Amirudin Tyabji, Anandrao Narayen Vasudeo, Bhagwandas Narottamdas, Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Messrs. Bomonjee Pestonjee Master, Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, E. B. Carroll, J. P. Cornforth, George Cotton, Cowasjee Hormusjee Damodar Tapidas, Damodar Thakersi Mulji, Darashah R. Chichgar, Dinshaw Edulji Wacha, Dosabhai Framji, J. R. Duxbury, Eknath Raghunath Khote, Elappa Balaram, Fazalbhai Jamabhai Lalji, Fazulbhoy Visram, J. F. Fernandez, Framji Dorabji Divecha, Reginald Gilbert, Govardhandas Goculdas Tejpal, A. M. Gubbay, Govardhandas K. Manekji, Hasambhai Visram, Hurkissondas Narrotumdas, Jagmohundas Vandrawandas, Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart; Messrs. Jamsedji Kharsedji Kama, Jamshedji Palionjee Kapadia, Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik, Jaya Karadi Linga, Kaikhosro Nowroji Kabraji, K. M. Shroff, Harold R. King, T. B. Kirkham, Rai Bahadur Luchmon Sing, Surgn.-Major G. R. Maconachie, Messrs. Manekji Behramji Dadabhai, Manekshah J. Taleyarkhan, Meherjibhai Rastamji Setna, Colonel G. L. C. Merewether, Mr. Mirza Hussein Khan, Captain Sir Henry Morland, Mr. Malji Bhawanidas Barbhaya, Khan Bahadur Muncherjee Cowasjee Murzban, Messrs. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Naoroji Beiramji Suntook, Narayen Ganesh Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Pherozshah Merwanji Mehta; Messrs. Purshotumdas Mungaldas Nathoobhoy, Raghunath Narayan Khote, Rahimtula Khairaz, the Hon'ble Rahimtula Mohamed Sayani, Messrs. Rastamji Nasarvanji Khory, Rustomjee Dhunjeebhoy Setna, G. W. Roughton, Major H. O. Selby, Messrs. Shivaji Dhurmaji, Tribhowandas Mungaldas Nathoobhoy, Tribhowandas Varjiwandas, E. F. Underwood, Vandrawundas Purshotumdas, Rao Saheb Vasudeo J. Kirtikar, Mr. Acacio Gabriel Viegas, and Capt

MR. BALDWIN LATHAM ON THE DRAINAGE OF CAIRO.

THE *Egyptian Gazette* publishes a summary of the report which Mr. Baldwin Latham made in January last upon the drainage of Cairo. As there are points in common between the problem to be solved in the drainage of Cairo and that of Bombay, Mr. Latham's recommendations may be of local interest.

PHYSICAL FEATURES.

It appears from the examination of the City of Cairo that this town is traversed by canals which divide it into three distinct parts, viz., the part north of the old Ismaileeyeh Canal; the part situated between the Canal and the Khalig; and finally the parts, east, south, and south east, of the Khalig.

LEVEL OF THE LAND.

With the exception of the south-east part of the town, viz., the citadel and environs, the surface is very flat; but several central points have a lower level than the outer circle of the town, and this complicates the question of the drainage.

LEVEL OF THE NILE.

This question also is complicated by the rise and fall of the Nile. In fact, from the examination of the banks of the river it appears that the water annually rises to a higher level than certain points in the town.

NECESSITY FOR ADOPTING AN ARTIFICIAL SYSTEM.

When it is considered that many of the buildings are erected on substructures, it is evident that, to drain Cairo, the canalisation must be made to a depth sufficient to allow the lowest parts to be drained; from this arises the necessity of using artificial means, such as steam power, etc., so as to attain the desired object.

HYDRO-GEOLOGY.

The city of Cairo is built on a porous alluvial ground, through which the infiltrations of the Nile freely pass. Attention must be brought to bear on these subterranean waters, which rise or fall in level; their level must also be regularly noted; there is in this a valuable source of information not only as regards analisation, but also as regards the public health.

According to a diagram made by Colonel Western, it seems that the changes of level in the subterranean waters follow regularly those of the Nile. This would indicate that these waters are derived from the river alone, the reverse of what is observed in other countries where there is more rain and which have springs.

HIGH AND LOW NILE.

On an average of several years, the difference between high and low Nile is about 6 1-3 metres. The subterranean waters have really less fluctuation, as they rise less than the Nile and they do not fall so much; but the fluctuations vary also according to the distance of the point of observation from the river: they are more considerable at the places near the Nile banks and less in the contrary case, exactly the opposite of what is observed in cases where the courses of water are fed from sources in the land.

MOVEMENT OF THE SOIL.

The fluctuation of the subterranean waters in the subsoil of the town produces a slight motion of the land caused by dryness and damp alternately; an expansion is produced by the latter and a contraction by the former. This demands consideration when the particular kind of drainage works to be adopted is being studied.

In general, the level of the waters rises rapidly at the same time both in the river and in the subsoil, and it falls gradually; the lowest level is attained in the month of June and the highest in September or October. The Nile ordinarily rises during a period of four month and falls during the other eight months of the year. Consequently, the water being actually in the subsoil during the greater part of the year, it is important, as far as possible, to make sure that the drains are water-tight.

RAIN.

During the last eight years, the average rainfall has been from 32 to 21 millimetres. But this average has little to do with the precautions that should be taken for its flow through the drains.

The question of the rain, indeed, does not affect that of the drains excepting in regard to the time which the rain water takes to flow from the surface of the land. From my personal observation, I judge that certain measures should be taken for the flow of this water into the drains.

POPULATION.

According to the census taken in 1882, the population of the Capital comprised 374,838 souls, of which 353,188 were Natives and 21,650 foreigners. It would be desirable to take the census at least every five years. But in the actual state of affairs, it is necessary to estimate the number of inhabitants which is to be taken as the basis for the construction of the drains.

My calculations have led me to estimate the actual population of Cairo at 414,155 inhabitants; nevertheless, I consider that this number must be increased to half a million at least for the purpose of carrying out drainage works; and my project which I have prepared is for a slightly larger number.

DENSITY OF THE POPULATION.

The population of the Capital is very dense; it is therefore incumbent to apply the sanitary measures which this fact necessitates. As an average and for the town, 50 metres of surface may be regarded as allotted to each individual, but in certain quarters such as Gamalia and Bab-el-Charia, where the crowding is very great, this estimate must be considerably modified.

WATER-SUPPLY.

The measures to be taken with regard to the removal of the sewage are strictly connected with the quantity of water to be supplied. In the course of the years 1888 and 1889 the Water Company supplied a daily average of 26,645 cubic metres; this delivery varied between 38,700 and 18,200.

This Company supplies water direct to 2600 buildings; it has been ascertained that the street-fountains give daily a volume of 1149 cubic metres, and that about 700 cubic metres are taken daily direct from the Nile or from the canals. To the abovementioned volume of water is to be added the quantity supplied from the cisterns, which are filled at the time of the rise of the river; it is also necessary to add a great quantity taken from wells existing in all parts of the town.

CAPACITY OF DRAINS.

The Water Company has observed that the quantity of water which it supplies varies during the day, and that the half of the filtered water is delivered in nine hours. In the Cairo drainage project, measures are taken to drive back the half of the sewage in six hours.

SUPPLY OF GOOD WATER.

The supply of good water for domestic purposes, in the quarters of Cairo, is a question of the highest importance, and it is urgently necessary that this water be consumed by the inhabitants. Only one opinion can be held with regard to the use of the water derived from the wells of the town of Cairo.

CONTAMINATION OF THE SUB-SOIL.

A simple calculation will show the enormous proportion of foecal matter which contaminates the sub-soil. On the basis of 414,000 inhabitants, the proposition of evacuations will be at the rate of two-thirds of a cubic metre per head; this would therefore be a total of 185,000 cubic metres per annum.

Now in the course of 1889, the contractors for emptying the cess pools did not remove more than 26,500 cubic metres, from which it results that in one year alone 139,100 "cubic metres of foecal matter pollute the soil, the subterraneous water, and the air of the capital."

This accumulation of putrid and fermentable matter undoubtedly aggravates the unhealthiness of Cairo from year to year and shows clearly the urgent necessity of sanitary reform.

INCREASE OF THE SUPPLY OF WATER.

Considering the limited circuit to which water is supplied by the Company, and its probable extension in the future, I am of opinion in this repect that the supply for the drains should be at least 22 1-2 litres per head per day, (calculated on a population of 400,000 natives) and 136 litres per head per day (calculated on a population of 100,000 natives and foreigners.)

MAXIMUM QUANTITIES OF MATTER AND WATER TO BE REMOVED.

The total quantity of matter which the drains must remove, comprising rain water and infiltrations, is calculated on the maximum basis of 65,455 cubic metres per day. In the sanitary interests of the Capital, I would insist in the most peremptory manner on the total abolition of cess-pools, on whatever system they may be constructed. The evacuations of any population should not be allowed to remain even for the shortest time in the neighbourhood of dwellings; it is necessary to remove them quickly and before decomposition sets in.

No drainage system would be considered really complete, if it did not comprise the immediate and rapid removal of all putrid matter which might enter it.

PROPOSED SYSTEM.

The physical configuration of the capital being known, which presents many parts of low level, high parts with good inclines, and other parts relatively flat, it is essential, in order to avoid the cutting of drains at too great a depth, to divide the drains into several relatively short lengths, and with a sufficient incline for the sewage to run off of itself.

Consequently I propose to divide the city of Cairo into 28 districts; in each of these districts would be constructed a subterranean reservoir of 9 metres in diameter, into which would run the district drains, this subterranean reservoir would have two self-acting pumps worked direct by hydraulic pressure transmitted through pipes for the express purpose from a central station.

The refuse contained in the district would run of itself into the subterranean reservoir; thence it would be forced to a place in the desert, distant from the town.

One of the self-acting pumps, as aforementioned, working at 10 strokes per minute, in each of the 28 reservoirs, would raise 136 litres per head per day for a population of 550,000 souls. One pump alone for each reservoir would consequently be more than sufficient; the second would replace the first in case of damage, repairs, or when being cleaned, &c.

MOTIVE POWER.

One station alone would provide the working power required for the pumps; the position selected for its construction is near Kasr-el-Nil barracks.

The water necessary for transmitting the motive force to the 28 self-acting pumps must be clear, so as not to clog the gun-metal cylinders of the machines; beyond this, it is of no consequence what quality of water is used.

It is indispensable to use sufficiently powerful steam engines and to have some in reserve in case of need. The water, entering the accumulators, must work to 700 lbs. pressure per square inch; it will be distributed by three courses of hydraulic pipes; the first, to clear the north part of the town, the second, the central part, and the last the south part. The length of the hydraulic piping required in my project is 27,000 metres.

WATER AS MOTIVE POWER.

The water required for the central station can be advantageously provided from the sub-soil by means of a well, dug to a sufficient depth, so as to obtain the needful quantity for the whole year's work.

First of all, this water would be used by the condensers, then it would pass to the principal pumps; it would from them be forced through the hydraulic pipes to work the 28 self-acting pumps. After this, the same water would be carried away by another system of pipes, and would serve to clean the drains.

ADVANTAGES OF THE SYSTEM.

This method of transmitting motive power offers special advantages which it is necessary to specify:

1. The lost of actual power is the least possible; the application of the system can be carried out notwithstanding the variations of the level of Cairo and the rise and fall of the Nile.

2. Contrary to the effects of clearing the drains by compressed air, or by forming a vacuum in them, the use of water as a motive power does not cause any sanitary disadvantage: the public health cannot but benefit by the system of uninterrupted cleansing of the drains owing to the use of the water left disposable by the engines.

3. A considerable advantage, in case of fire, results from the use of pipes at high pressure. By installing *Greathead Hydrants* in communication with the ordinary pipes of the Water Company, the propelling power of the water would be equivalent to that produced by a steam engine.

4 The absolute automatic power of the system allows of a perfect control of the feeding engines by means even of the water supplied to the self-acting pumps. These also cannot be free from control, as the subterranean reservoirs are provided with gauges showing the level of the sewage water. Should the draining of the sewage be stopped the self-acting pumps would also stop. They would only resume working after a new supply of matter.

As before stated, two self-acting pumps would be placed in each reservoir, but only one would generally be at work.

But, however, should any damage occur to the working pump or should there be more sewage to be ejected than calculated for, in both or other similar cases, the gauges are placed in such a manner that the second pump will work of itself.

5. The sub-division of the drains into 28 districts necessitates the adoption of pipes of a small diameter; there are many advantages in this system, viz., a less quantity of water is required for cleansing, the trenches for the pipes need not be so deep, and they can easily be placed in some of the narrow streets of the Capital.

6. By the proposed system of subdivision by *districts*, the result will be that the sewage will be forced away directly by the pumps in the subterranean reservoirs where the levels are favourable and whatever might be the level. As in any case it is unnecessary that all the sewage should descend into the reservoir placed at the lowest part, there will be a great economy.

7. All the districts being connected, security is complete. If by any chance a pump should stop, the surplus of the sewage to be removed would be driven back to the neighbouring district.

LENGTH OF THE DRAINS.

The total length of the system of drains shewn in the plan is 275,000 metres including 7000 metres for the Boulac and Cairo quarters, which are not shewn in the plan. It is possible that several parts of the proposed drains, shewn in the plan, may be found superfluous: in this case the specification may be reduced; but the limit of this reduction cannot be determined till after the survey of the locality which will be made for the execution of the project.

The drains will be constructed with glazed earthenware pipes, impermeable to water. The pipes will be united with special joints, securing watertightness, and permitting oscillation in every direction without fear of rupture. By this means, the movements of the soil cannot cause any damage to the drains.

VENTILATION AND INSPECTION.

The plan comprises 1,755 manholes and 1,520 apertures for ventilation. Each manhole can serve as a station for forcing the sewage, whether by injecting water, or by holding back the sewage, and then letting it flow on with greater force by its own weight. In the poorer quarters the manholes will serve the special purpose of receiving the evacuations from the houses unprovided with sanitary appliances. On the whole length of the drains, there is either a ventilator opening or a manhole every 84 metres.

GUTTER TROUGHS.

Besides the gutter-troughs for the manholes for inspecting purposes, there will be, corelatively to the most elevated parts of the drains, 175 gutter-troughs of spacial construction, and arranged so as to retain the water taken from the self-acting pumps. The water would gradually accumulate in them, and the basins once full would be rapidly discharged by means of a self-acting syphon into the drains thus flooded.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR RAIN.

The specification provides for 1,000 openings in the streets for the reception of rain-water.

FOUNDATIONS.

Provision is also made for the timber necessary to secure the stability of the foundations of the drains, manholes, &c.

ESCAPE PIPES.

The sewage ejected by the self-acting pumps will run into cast iron pipes, which being united together, and their diameter being gradually increased, will finally terminate in a large pipe, 3 feet in diameter.

TREATMENT FOR THE SEWAGE.

The question of the treatment of the sewage is of capital importance. Various methods have been tried, with more or less success, to purify the sewage, previous to its entering the water. But in all these cases it is necessary to use chemical products, which are difficult to control and very costly, and do not give satisfactory returns for the outlay.

On the other hand, the employment of the sewage in cultivation is the most practical method, the only one for purifying it completely, and making it profitable, and this particularly in Egypt where the climate is so favourable to the irrigation system.

MEANS OF DISPOSING OF THE SEWAGE.

There are three means of disposing of the sewage of the Capital; and these are: 1st, running it into the Nile; 2nd, running it into the existing irrigation canals; 3rd, making use of it in the desert or other non-irrigated lands.

SELECTION OF THE DESERT FOR THE UTILIZATION OF THE SEWAGE.

To run the sewage of Cairo into the Nile or the canals which supply the towns and villages below the Capital with water, would be a most insalubrious proceeding, which could not be entertained at all. I would therefore recommend using the sewage for the lands situated to the North East and to the South of the town. It is needless to say that the cost of the work will be less for the lands lying at a low than at a high level. If the drainage runs on to land 30 metres above the level of the sea, through a pipe 3 feet diameter, and of a length not exceeding 5,220 metres, the quantity of water required at 700lbs. pressure per square inch to work the self-acting pumps would be about 3,000 cubic metres per day. If the elevation is less, the quantity of water required would be less, and consequently the cost would be less by so much.

ESTABLISHMENT OF A SEWAGE FARM.

In the specifications which I have prepared, the height to which the sewage is to be lifted is stated at 30 metres above the level of the sea.

At this elevation there exists a vast superficies of uncultivated land which, by cultivating with the sewage, might be made profitable. I calculate that about 1,200 feddans at least is necessary for the sewage-farm. In the specification I have supposed the *sewage-farm* to be situated to the North East of the town, and at a minimum distance of 3,000 metres from the Abasseeyeh. To the south of the Capital there is convenient land, on to which it would be possible, if desired, to run part of the sewage.

DIRECTION OF THE PRINCIPAL PIPE.

I have shewn in the plan that the principal pipe would be placed along the Khalig, but of course the contents running through this pipe would not communicate with the water of the Khalig.

I have simply selected this direction as the most convenient; but, if found inconvenient, the pipe might be placed along one of the adjoining roads.

MOSQUES.

It is to be remarked that the system which I propose will not require any change in the exterior arrangement of the water closets in the Mosques. The waters of the Medah and Maghtass, instead of being as at present retained in the cess-pools, from whence they are removed at considerable expense, would serve to flood the drains.

(Mr. Latham estimates the cost at £565,700.)

ESTIMATED ANNUAL EXPENSES.

Interest at 5 per cent with sinking fund in 40 years	£	32,968. 0.0
1 Chief Engineer	„	240. 0.0
6 Engineers at £ 180 ea.	„	1,080. 0.0
18 Stokers at £ 40	„	720. 0.0
30 servants and workmen at £ 36	„	1,080. 0.0
Oil, etc	„	1,000. 0.0
Coal 9 1-2 tons per day at 38/	„	6,588. 5.0
Repairs machinery	„	1,500. 0.0
Do. to drains	„	2,000. 0.0
Tools, etc	„	503. 15.0
Total	£	47,680. 0.0

SPECIFICATION BASED ON THE HYPOTHESIS THAT THE WATER IS TAKEN FROM THE SUBSOIL.

The preceding estimate is based on the hypothesis that the quantity of water required is taken direct from the subsoil. In the contrary case, that is to say, if the water should be supplied by the Cairo Water Company, the sum of £ 6,000 must be deducted from the estimate of annual expenses, but on the other hand the estimate of cost would have to be increased by the cost of the water to be supplied.

COST OF WATER IF SUPPLIED BY THE CAIRO WATER COMPANY.

Should the Cairo Water Company undertake to supply clear water at a pressure of 700 lbs per square inch for the transmission of the motive power, the estimated specification of cost would be reduced by £46,600, and that of annual expenses by about £10,500, taking into account the expense of superintending the work which would be done by the Water Company.

RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CHIEF OF THE SANITARY DEPARTMENT.

I will mention besides that the duties and responsibility of the officer entrusted by Government with the Public Health of the Capital would be considerably increased, and this not only during the execution of the works, but also after their completion, it will be just to increase this official's salary for the aforementioned reasons, which special increase would be added to the annual expenses.

COST OF THE PRESENT SYSTEM.

If the evacuations of a population of 500,000 inhabitants were removed by the system actually in use without being mixed with water or other foreign matters, the expense would attain £71,800, according to the tariff accepted by Government; and if the tariff applicable to private 2 individuals is referred to the amount would be £102564 per annum. Moreover, admitting the same tariff for the removal of the water from houses and other matter dangerous to the public health, the amount to be paid by the public would surpass one million sterling.

SAVINGS BY THE ABOLITION OF CESSPOOLS.

The total abolition of cess-pools, which would add to the comfort and healthiness of the dwelling houses, will save the population considerable expense incurred for emptying them: these expenses surpass very much those of the proposed new system.

THE POOR.

It appears from information which I have gathered, that in the Capital are to be found a certain number of inhabitants, who are too poor to meet the expense for santiary works, which must be effected in the interior of their houses, so as to open therein communication with the drains. Under this circumstance, Government will do well to undertake the expense, which would not probably exceed £100,000.

TIME FOR THE COMPLETION OF THE WORKS: FIVE YEARS

According to my estimates, and taking into account the fact that owing to the height of the level of the water in the subsoil of a great part of the town, the works must be stopped during several months of each year, I reckon five years as the necessary time for the completion of the works stated in my project.

EXISTING CONCESSIONS.

During my investigations I found that Government had granted several concessions for the exclusive supply of water in the Capital; for the emptying of the cesspools; for the utilization of the sewage.

How will these concessions affect the project, which I have the honour to present? This is a question which rests with the State legal advisers to determine.

Cairo 1st January 1890.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

A DISPUTE ABOUT INK LABELS.

HENRY CHARLES STEPHENS *vs.* HOSHUNJEE SORABJEE KOTWAL AND MAHOMEDALLY ABDUL KADUR.

IN this case the plaintiff, the celebrated ink manufacturer, prayed that the defendants might be restrained from selling or importing any ink or writing fluid in jars or bottles, upon which is affixed any label similar to either of those before the Court, or any other label which might be a colourable imitation of the plaintiff's; that in the meantime and until further order, the defendants might be restrained in the way asked; that the defendants might be ordered to deliver up all such labels; to make discovery of all labels, of all inks, and writing fluid, bearing such labels sold by them, their servants, or agents. Further that an account might be taken and profits paid over so him. That the defendants might be ordered to pay damages and the costs of the suit. Mr. Macpherson and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, appeared for the plaintiff; and Messrs. Lang and Mr. Russell, instructed by Messrs. Wadia and Ghandy, appeared for the defendants.

For the plaintiff it was stated that, as a large manufacturer of ink in London, he had largely exported his inks for many years to India, and they had become widely known. The ink referred to was known as "Stephens' Blue Black Writing Fluid." It was exported and sold in earthenware jars or bottles as well as small bottles on which were affixed labels, bearing the plaintiff's trade-mark as registered in England in 1887. The principal feature of the label was a device of a crown in white in a blue oval medallion, on either side of which were oblong spaces in blue lettered in white. Below this runs the word "Stephens" in white letters on a ground, the upper half of which is red, and lower half blue. Further down are the words "Blue Black" in white block letters on a blue ground, and below that the words "writing fluid" in white letters on a red ground, the lower portion of the label containing a white panel, bearing printed matter in blue letters. There was also a second label. Recently the plaintiff discovered that the defendants had been, and were still manufacturing and selling in Bombay certain inks which are sold in jars or bottles, closely resembling the palintiff's jars and bottles, and having affixed thereto labels closely resembling the plaintiff's and being fraudulent and colourable imitations of them. The plaintiff therefore filed the suit, praying as mentioned above.

The defence was that the jars and bottles used by the defendants were of the same material, make, and description as those used by many ink manufacturers and that the plantiff had no exclusive right to them. They denied that the labels were the plaintiff's trade-mark, or had been registered in England, or that the ink bore high reputation throughout India. They denied that their labels closely resembled or were fraudulent or colourable imitations of the plaintiff's labels, or that they used their labels to take advantage of and derive profit from the high reputation the plaintiff's goods had acquired, or in order to induce purchasers to believe that the ink disposed of by them was ink really imported into India by the plaintiff, and not manufactured locally. They further denied that any body had been deceived.

The hearing of evidence in the case was proceeded with during the day.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—Bilious. Affections, with all their concomitant annoyances induced by atmospheric changes, or too liberal diet, should be checked at once, or serious consequences may ensue. When any one finds his ideas less clear than usual, his eyesight dimmed, and his head dizzy, accompanied by a disinclination for all exertion, physical or mental, he may be quite sure that he is in immediate need of some alterative medicine. Let him at once send for a box of Holloway's Pills, a mild course of which will remove the symptoms, and speedily renew his usually healthful feeling. If the bowels be irritable, Holloway's Ointment should be diligently rubbed over the stomach and liver every night and morning.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE following are excerpts from the minutes of the Trustees' meeting of the 11th instant:—

Read letter from the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India, stating, for the information of the Trustees, that the following arrangements have been proposed in order to carry out the suggestions of the Trustees, namely:—Government has been asked to sanction the a cceleration of weather telegrams; the Rs. 250 to be contributed annually by the Trustees and the Chamber of Commerce, will be wholly expended on the establishment; arrangements will be made, if possible, to have the daily reports all issued by 3 p. m.; arrangements will be made to send Sunday reports to the Port Officer; and he asks the Trustees to sanction the payment of a contribution of Rs. 125 a month at an early date, in order to allow of these arrangements being carried out from 1st April next.

Resolution.—On the conditions referred to in the meteorological report to the Government of India, No. 888 dated 5th instant, the Trustees sanction a contribution at the rate of Rs. 125 a month for one year certain, beginning 1st April next; and after that, subject to six months' notice of reduction or withdrawal. They do not guarantee any more extended contribution, as they are still most decidedly of opinion that the Meteorological Department of the West Coast of India should be under a fully qualified officer of great experience in storm-predicting, and resident in Bombay, and it seems as if the year and a half for which a guarantee is now given, should, under ordinary circumstances, amply suffice to enable Government to arrange for the services of such an officer.

The following were amongst the papers laid on the table:—

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 7th March 1890.	For week ending 7th March 1889.
Vessels piloted into harbour	21	29
„ „ out of „	13	28
„ transported	11	22
„ attended to	1	2

STATEMENT OF VESSELS USING TRUSTEES' DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

	For week ending 7th March 1890.	For week ending 7th March 1889.
Vessels entered	4	9
„ left	6	10
„ remaining in dock	6	8

VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels entered	6	11
„ left	5	9
„ remaining in Dock	8	11

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE UNIVERSITY BILL.

SAYS the *Rast Goftar*:—The Bombay University has stood up well for its dignity. After a great deal of protracted debate, the Senate passed the University Bill and transmitted it to Government in October 1888. The Senate waited for nearly a year and a half for a reply, and only came to know of its fate when the Governor quietly announced at the last Convocation that it had been shelved, out of respect to the autonomy and independence of the University. The Senate, however, thought its autonomy and independence had been slighted, rather than respected by the inglorious shelving of the Bill. Lord Reay said the measure had not received such "decisive" approval of the Senate as to justify the Government in proceeding with it. The Bill had been carried by a practically unanimous vote, and we fail to see how it is that such a resolution cannot be called decisive. However, the Senate met again last week, and by almost unanimously passing a resolution, requesting the Government to forward the Bill to the Government of India for consideration, that august body has pronounced itself in terms which, we hope, will now, at least, be regarded as unmistakeably decisive. The fact of the matter is that the local Government do not like the Bill.

LORD HARRIS.

The *Indian Spectator* observes.—Whatever may be his actual performance of his task as Governor of Bombay, Lord Harris has clearly conceived the difficulties and the moral and political requirements of his new position, in his speech after the dinner at Cafe-monico. He leaves behind him the party politics of his country, and declares his loyal adherence to that steady and safe progress which that country laid down for the guidance of its agents in the imperial mission of its rule over the Indian continent. Here, in this declaration of a thorough-going English Conservative nobleman, the Indian politician, who professes to admire and strive at Western systems of government' has a suggestive hint as to how to set his own house in order, so as to qualify his country and society for those political privileges after the acquisition of which from the rulers he is hankering, with a stolid disregard of the social condition under which alone they could be properly possessed or beneficially exercised.

SOCIETY FOR THE PROMOTION OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE.

The *Rast Goftar* thinks:—The Society for the Promotion of Useful Knowledge could not have started under better auspices. Lord Reay took the chair, and among the gentlemen who spoke at the meeting in favour of the undertaking were the Hon. Sir Raymond West, the Bishop of Bombay, Mr. Justice Scott, Mr Justice Telang, and Mr. W. E. Hart. The need for such an organization may be admitted on two grounds—first, the cheapening of useful books, so as to bring them within the reach of persons of limited means, and secondly, the weaning of readers from unwholesome or profitless literature. The taste of our educated classes is capable of great improvement. Generally speaking, it does not soar above novel-reading, and their reading is only to beguile the passing moment. When novelists like Zola offer noxious trash under the name of sensational realisms, and debase the taste for reading, it is necessary that there should be some effectual counter-in-fluence to improve the tone of the mind, by infusing in it a liking for what is really good and elevating. A refined taste will ultimately exercise a healthy influence upon vernacular literature.

THE COUNCILS BILL.

The *Rast Goftar* remarks:—We fully agree with the *Bombay Gazette* that the Congress people made a great tactical blunder in discrediting the municipal and other bodies which Lord Dufferin had proposed to utilize as an electorate for the Indian Councils. Instead of finding representative members in existing representative institutions, they sought to introduce an absolutely new, and untried, and complicated machinery in the establishment of electoral colleges, and it may possibly be the very extravagance and intemperateness of their demands that has had some reactionary effect on the mind of Lord Lansdowne who, but a short while after his assumption of the viceroyalty, considered himself to be in a position to recommend the enlargement of the Councils on the basis of nomination, and not election. Mr. A. O. Hume condemns the Bill which is drawn up on these lines submission to Parliament. He says that it is no concession whatever to the demands of the people, and suggests that it is simply an enlargement of the vicious principle of nomination. The letter he has addressed to the papers is only an indication of his feelings upon the measure which the Secretary of State for India has brought into the Upper House. But without his writing to the papers we would have known that his feelings about a Bill in which the principle of election has been entirely discarded would be nothing but those of lively indignation. He has abstained from arguing the question in India. He is going to England to carry the warfare into the enemy's camp with Baboo Sorendronath Bannerjee as his lieutenant, and we must wait for his arguments till that time. We object to the system of nomination, along with Mr. Hume himself. It was more of a farce before than now. We wish Lord Dufferin's proposal had been adopted. It would have suited the times and satisfied reasonable aspirations.

The *Indian Spectator* says:—The latest instalment of information received regarding the scope and constitution of the Indian Legislative Councils, as proposed in Lord Cross's Bill, affords little ground for altering the general opinion we have already expressed as to the latter point. The number of additional members in the Supreme Council will necessarily be smaller than that in the Provincial Legislatures, and they will all be nominated. But there is no reason why on this account the measure should not be welcomed. Nomination may well be given a brief trial, and, meanwhile, the municipal field for the exercise of the elective franchise may be cultivated better than it has been, and thereby the elements of a tolerably safe electorate may be created.

MR. L. W. D. LANGLEY has been appointed a police probationer; Mr. F. H. Warden, on return to duty, will act as Superintendent of Police at Satara.

MR. J. R. PRICE has been appointed Second Assistant Collector on the Sind Commission, vice Mr. Jenkins; and Mr. M. D. Mackenzie's name is to rank first among third Assistant Collectors in Sind for promotion on the Commission.

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP.—Pure mild, and emollient.—This essentially complexio, soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened, by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence has a soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency, is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the toilet and the bath. Indispensable for children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all chemists.—Agents, Treacher nd Co., Bombay.

THE PRINCE'S INDIAN FRIEND.

Truth's "Queer Story" this week is under the above head. The writer begins:—

The English in India are, as everybody knows, a small community settled in the midst of an overwhelming native population which does not love them. This circumstance, one might imagine, would create among them a feeling of common brotherhood and a disregard of social differences. A greater mistake could not be made. Among Anglo-Indians brotherly feeling is "conspicuous by its absence," and social divisions are incomparably deeper and more bitter with them than in the most worm-eaten of Western societies. The little community is split up into a dozen petty coteries and circles, which affect to look down on each other with a contempt only inferior to that with which they all regard the "niggers."

That was the state of affairs at Punkabrandy, he continues, when Mr. Charles Oferproof arrived there. Leaving out the private soldiers, and other "mean whites," there were about fifty Europeans in the city. These fifty were divided into half a score of classes—or rather castes—which barely recognised the existence of each other. First, there were Colonel Toddy and the officers of the white regiment, who formed the *creme de la creme* of Punkabrandy society: they just condescended to speak to the officers of the native regiments, the leading civil servants, and the magistrate and barristers, each of whom in their turn formed a set by themselves, which regarded the others with jealousy, the officers of the white regiment with hatred, and the planters and merchants who formed the rest of the English community with contempt.

It was to this class that Mr. Oferproof has had the misfortune, as he himself regarded it, to belong. He had come to Punkabrandy as representative of the great firm of Messrs. Unter and Oferproof, wine and spirit merchants. The branch establishment at Punkabrandy, owing to the habits of the inhabitants, was in a peculiarly prosperous condition, and if Mr. Oferproof had been an ordinary trader its affairs would have fully occupied his time and thoughts. But he was not an ordinary trader. Though far from neglectful of matters of business, he had a soul that aspired after higher things. He thirsted for social success. When at home in England he had not been more active in seeking orders for wines and spirits than in cultivating the acquaintance of the more fashionable of the firm's patrons. And now, away in Punkabrandy, he was not more eager for the extension of the branch's business than he was for the privilege and pleasure, as he styled it, of mingling with the *elite* of Punkabrandy society. It is not wonderful, then, that he regarded his connection with an occupation which, though profitable pecuniarily, excluded him from the select circles of the station as a misfortune—and a big misfortune, too.

However, it is the mark of a great man to overcome bad luck, and that is what Mr. Oferproof resolved to do. He soon struck out a plan of campaign by which he hoped before long to succeed in forcing his way into the best company in Punkabrandy. As has already been hinted, the European denizens of that town were convivial in their habits. All of them, and more especially Colonel Toddy and the officers of the white regiment, wanted no mean quality of wines and spirits. All of them, and more especially Colonel Toddy and the officers of the white regiment, wanted also a good deal of credit. It was in these two circumstances that Mr. Oferproof recognized an instrument by means of which he could before long force open the gates of Punkabrandy society.

The previous representative of Messrs. Unter and Oferproof had been very averse to the credit system. Mr. Oferproof continued his predecessor's policy, but with a difference. He was very cautious in his dealings with the lawyers and merchants and civil servants, but the military were never denied. The officers of the native force could have almost what they liked, and, as for Colonel Toddy and the officers of the white regiment, no length or breadth or depth of credit was too much for them. The firm's finest wines and oldest spirits were at their command whether they happened to have money to pay for them or not. Consequently, before Mr. Oferproof was six months in Punkabrandy almost every man of them was over head and ears in his debt.

Mr. Oferproof felt that the time for action had arrived. He began operations by asking Captain Fuzelile of the Sepoys to a quiet little dinner. Now, the Captain would have like to decline, but he could not afford to offend Mr. Oferproof, as he owed him some four or five thousand rupees which he was not prepared just then to pay. So, after casting about for a time in vain to find an excuse for not accepting, he accepted. Mr. Oferproof had now his chance, and he made full use of it. After he had softened Captain Fuzelile's heart with a good dinner, and his head with good wine, he poured into his ear a long account of the various grand acquaintances he had in England. He talked familiarly of the Duchess of Doublechin, Lord William Moriband, Lord De Cellar, and the Honourable Frank Terrington (an acquaintance with whose characters and habits he had contrived to pick up from their butlers), in a way that amazed the gallant Captain, who, when at home on leave, found himself a very unimportant personage indeed, and not considered worthy of touching the hem of the garments of such exalted being as these. At first Captain Fuzelile thought his host was only "bluffing" him, but as he listened to the details of various long conversations which Mr. Oferproof professed to have had with these and other luminaries of the fashionable world, conviction began to be forced in upon his mind. This process was hastened and completed by a final *coup* on Mr. Oferproof's part. He actually produced a letter from her Grace of Doublechin herself, couched in the familiar strain her ladyship is known to affect, which, after ordering some wine, gave the wine merchant a "straight tip" as to the winner of the Oaks. When Captain Fuzelile left Mr. Oferproof's bungalow that night he was convinced that, whatever his host might be in India, in England he was a much more fashionable person than himself.

Now, Mr. Oferproof was an astute individual, and he had not selected the gallant captain as his first guest without a reason. The fact was, Captain Fuzelile was the gossip of Punkabrandy, and Mr. Oferproof knew that anything confided to him would soon be known to everybody in the station. He was not mistaken. Before a week was over, his acquaintance with fashionable people at home, and especially his friendship with the Duchess of Doublechin—who was reverenced by the military both as a duchess and a horse-owner—were the talk of every circle in Punkabrandy. Of course, some sneered at the revelation, and hinted that Mr. Oferproof had evolved it all out of the depths of his imagintion, but the weight of opinion was against those cavillers; and this preponderance in his favour was increased when it became known that Mr. Oferproof had expressed extreme annoyance at Captain Fuzelile's want of discretion in repeating a private conversation.

From this moment the wine and spirit merchant's position was won: the friend of the Duchess of Doublechin was not a person to be neglected in Punkabrandy. Barristers and civil servants, who formerly barely recognised him, now became affable. Captains and majors of the Native force were happy to dine with him. Even Colonel Toddy and the officers of the Doltshire Regiment did not disdain to be civil towards him. And as for the other merchants and planters, they looked up to him as the social lion who conferred a reflected honour on all his class.

Mr. Oferproof had now obtained the object of his ambition; he had won a high position in Punkabrandy society. He had won it, however, by romancing, and to retain it he found it necessary to continue romancing. He had begun by professing an acquaintance with the Duchess of Doublechin; he had now to continue by announcing his acquaintance with the most illustrious of her friends. The Marquis of Haughtitone, Viscount and Viscountess Swaren, Lord Rupert Rathill, and half a score of others were soon numbered among his supposed intimates. Nor did he stop there. Royalty itself was not outside his knowledge; but, as he modestly said in speaking of Princes of the Blood, it would be presumptuous to call yourself their friend.

One night shortly after, his Royal Highness Prince Fitzedward arrived in India on his tour through that country and Mr. Oferproof happened to be dining at the mss of the Doltshire Regiment. There was only one other guest—a Captain, the Honourable Charles Knowesly—an officer of the Guards, who, like his Royal Highness, was spending three or four months in travelling through India. During dinner, the conversation turned upon the Royal visit.

"Any chance of his coming here?" asked Mr. Oferproof. He wanted to know his ground before he ventured further. "Not as far as I know," answered Colonel Toddy, "and I suppose if he *were* coming I should be informed of it."

"I'm sorry, said Mr. Oferproof, now feeling secure. "I should like to pay my respects to his Highness just for the sake of old times."

"You have met him?" inquired Captain Knowesly.

"Oh yes, often—at the Duchess of Doublechin's," answered Mr. Oferproof carelessly. "He and his father used often to be there. I have frequently been in the covers with them both."

"Indeed," said Captain Knowesly, who seemed much interested. "May I ask in what years that was?"

"Well, I said Mr. Oferproof, affecting to reflect, "I think it was in '87 and '88—no, not '88. That year I met him at Lord Rupert Rathill's. Yes, it was in '86 and '7 that I met him at Doublechin House."

"Oferproof has met everybody, I think," sneered Captain Pitcher. Captain Pitcher was one of the few officers in Punkabrandy who did not believe Mr. Oferproof's grand acquaintances. By a strange coincidence he was one of the few officers in Punkabrandy who were not in Mr. Oferproof's debt.

"Well, I have met his Royal Highness at any rate," replied Mr. Oferproof, a little snappishly (that fellow Pitcher, as he used to say, always made him savage), "and if he only comes here you'll see that he'll tell you so himself."

"No doubt, Mr. Oferproof," said Captain Knowesly, soothingly.

"I only wish he was coming," added Mr Oferproof, "and for very little I'd run down to Calcutta, as I say, to pay him my respects. Indeed I would do so, only I can't possibly leave Punkabrandy just at present; business affairs will keep me tied here for the next month at least."

After this declaration, Captain Pitcher was silenced, if not convinced. But Mr. Oferproof was not content with such a victory. He carried the war into the enemy's country by relating—as was his wont when referring to any distinguished personage whom he claimed

PURE PERSONALITIES.

"I HEARD," writes a correspondent, "a curious and characteristic story of Disraeli the other day. Once Lord Derby—then Prime Minister—found fault with something Disraeli had done. Disraeli at the time was Chancellor of the Exchequer for the first time; and he was peremptorily summoned to St. James's-square. At once Lord Derby—who had a sharp tongue and a fierce temper when he gave way to it—poured on Disraeli a lava-tide of reproach. Disraeli sat absolutely silent, until Lord Derby, in final exasperation, said, 'D——it, man, have you nothing to say?' Disraeli got up and left the house, never saying one word. It was this marvellous self-control," comments our correspondent, "that probably accounts for his strange success."

Major Isaacs, who has appeared in court as complainant against a young lady who attempted to shoot him, is not a soldier, says the *Star*, but an architect who has attained considerable position in the city as a director of companies. He is member for the Walworth Division of Newington, and has been for four years in Parliament without making any great political mark. He is a Manchester man by birth, and professes the Hebrew faith. He is of medium height and inclined to be stout. He has an engaging and pleasant address. His wound is likely to give him some considerable trouble. About the time of the accident a paragraph went the round of the papers explaining the Major's absence from certain meetings in his constituency on the ground that he had met with a trap accident on Hampstead-heath returning home late one night and had broken his arm.

Mr. Henniker-Heaton has been collecting Press opinions on his person and manners. A New Zealand paper says he is "a fussy little fellow," and from Ceylon comes he statement that the is "a fine, tall, handsome man."

That Mr. Heaton is "a tall, dark gentleman, with a friendly eye and a voice of silver sweetness" is the opinion of a Manchester journal; while a hostile society paper calls him a "truculent, high-cheek-boned fellow, always ready to fight."

As everybody knows, Mr. Blaine, the American Secretary of State, has recently been heavily struck by successive blows of domestic bereavement. This, says a home paper, has confirmed the popular superstition with which his present residence at Washington is regarded. It was on the steps of this house that General Sickles shot in cold blood and killed Mr. Philip Barton Key, the romantic but invalid Attorney-General for the district of Columbia. The General had reason to suspect Key of undue intimacy with Mrs. Sickles, and was in consequence thereof acquitted by the jury. The house subsequently became the residence of Mr. Seward, the Secretary of State under Abraham Lincoln, and it was there that, on the night of the President's assassination, Lewis Payne, the fellow-conspirator of Wilkes Booth, severely wounded both old Mr. Seward and his two sons. Hardly had they recovered from their wounds when Mr. Seward's only and favourite daughter suddenly sickened and died.

Mr. T. H. Bolton, the new Liberal member for North St. Pancras, is a solicitor by profession, and has seen the inside of a good many theatrical law cases. No one who ever saw that memorable sight is likely to forget the spectacle of Mr. Bolton escorting Miss Fortescue on his arm as she entered the court which was to try her claims against the late Lord Cairns. In the profession, indeed, Mr. Bolton's name is familiar as household words, and he is a walking index of English stage life, before and behind the scenes, for the last thirty or forty years. In appearance, too, Mr. Bolton a little suggests the stage solicitor with leanings towards the heavy father of domestic comedy. He has also decided dramatic talents of his own. He is great at Shaksperean and Macaulayan recitals, has a strong and yet musical voice, and adopts the old full-blooded style of elocution. Personally he is a very agreeable man, tells a good story well and with appropriate gesture, and is a popular figure in many circles—social, legal, political, dramatic—in which he moves. He has a pleasant place in Sussex, where he does a little shooting and farming.

Lady Dudley is one of the best-preserved women in London society. Her beautiful arms are still the admiration of women much younger than herself; and though her daughter, Lady Edith Ward, is about to be presented at Court, and the son is old enough to get into gambling escapades that bring him to Bow street, the mother still preserves an ultra-youthful appearance. Lady Dudley had been seriously ill at Dudley House, when the mail left and was going to the Riviera.

As a Pretender, I prefer Boulanger to the young Duc, writes Mrs. Crawford. Boulanger is *bon diable* and more or less manly—perhaps less rather than more. The hope of the House of France is a cross between a *petit creve* and a smart young officer of a crack regiment, without any idea beyond those subjects which are discussed at mess. He is tall, of a fresh complexion, has neat features, and could not fail, as an ensign trooping colors, to steal away the hearts of nursery maids and romantic young ladies, if they were not physiognomist enough to see that the eyes are harsh, unpleasant, and dull, and that, although he has lost the padding contour which made him an ugly boy, the domination of the stomach over the mind is still shown in his cheeks.

The light brown hair (of a dull shade) is parted, masher-like, in the middle, and is slightly curled. As to the dress, it was an irreproachable mourning mufti, carefully careless. I could trace a resemblance in the cut of the features to the late Duc d'Orleans, but the countenance was not his, and betrayed a mind on a very small pattern—a good deal of vanity and a temper more irascible than sunny. The eyes, to which I venture to recur, being small, triangular, and wanting in fine expression, and too close set, gave a mean character to the face. Republicans said "*C' est un imbecile.*" Royalist ladies who only saw the smart young officer in mufti, cried "*Il est gentil.*"

Mr. Biggas' quaint figure, observes a correspondent, was one which lent itself naturally to caricature. A little man, with a hump back and short legs, with a rather deep and very abrupt voice, given to wearing a curious sealskin waist coat, with a loud and massive gold chain—such was Mr. Biggar in his palmy days as champion obstructionist. Of late he was more sedate, and generally dressed in black. All his friends speak well of his practical judgment and real kindness of heart.

During the later years of his Parliamentary career, Mr. Biggar moderated his ardour for skirmishing in debate. He pratically gave up moving "Counts!" and of interrupting speech with that queer, quaint croak, which articulately meant "Hear, hear." He was appointed a member of the Kitchen Committee, a hybrid body which acts as purveyor to the House of Commons, and of which Sir W. Hart-Dyke is, or was, Chairman. The Association mellowed Mr. Biggar's nature, and in the end he was heard to express strong disapproval of the "growing rowdyism" of the Irish Party. In fact, after a fashion, Mr Biggar crystallised into a species of smug Conservatism. His death is generally regretted in the House of Commons.

Mr. Reed, the Speaker of the House of Representatives at Washington, who has raised such a storm there by counting in obstructive Democrats to form a quorum, is a very able politician in the American sense of the word. He resembles Shakespeare in appearance, according to his friends, is powerful in physique, with a fine voice, and a massive head. He represents the Portland district of Maine, was for years a sort of informal leader of the Republicans, and is said to aspire to the Presidency. Mr. Blaine, however, who has no great love for Mr. Reed, will probably see that the Maine politicians do not present the Speaker's name to the next Republican Convention.

Of the late Sir Peter Coats, whose death was announced in the telegram, it may be said that his bobbins travelled further than his reputation. He was a long-headed Scotchman who built up a fortune by the manufacture of thread in Paisley, and spent not a little of it on some of the finest yachts that ever sailed the Firth of Clyde, in which latter respect his sons kept up the traditions of their father.

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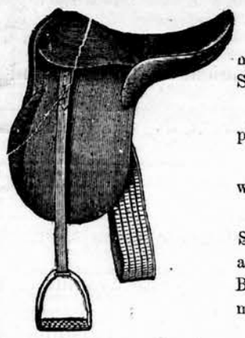

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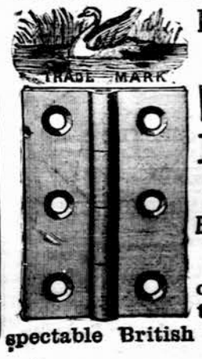

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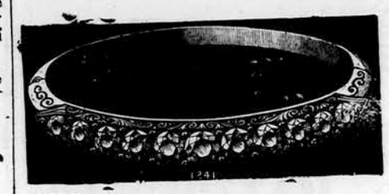

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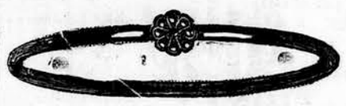

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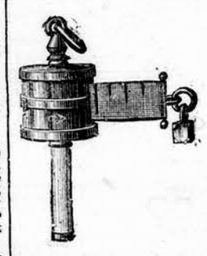

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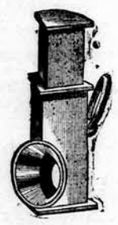

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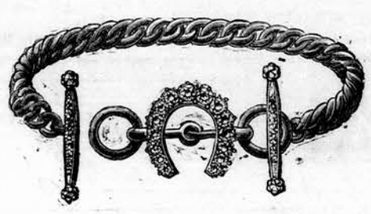

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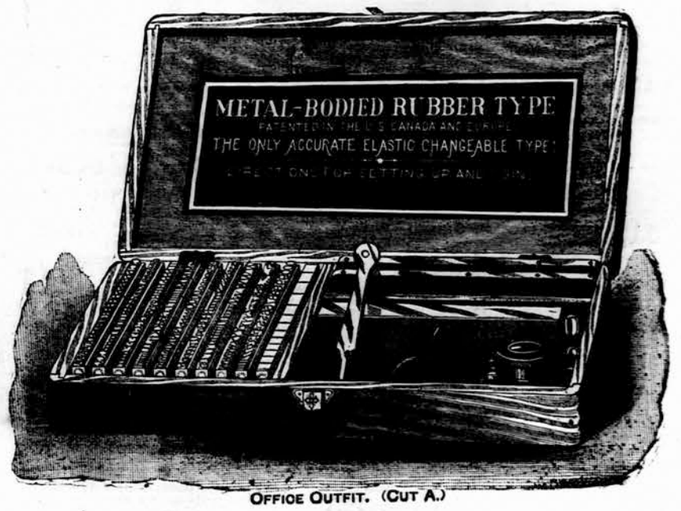

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